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Compiling information on entire American families from the time of their colonial immigrant origins has always been a mammoth and difficult task. Colonial families present daunting challenges, like large numbers of children and grandchildren, repeat given names honoring ancestors, and frequent migration spurred on by low-cost land and expanding frontiers. Inheritance laws privileged oldest sons and obscured younger children, particularly daughters. Marriage records prove to be rare before the 19th century below the Mason-Dixon Line. Migration often proceeded through localities where documentation is incomplete or missing. Individuals sometimes lived in large jurisdictions far from governmental centers, and those daunting distances impeded registration of documents. All of these factors complicate the task of tracing descendants. Then too, pioneer researchers found themselves juggling numerous, sometimes contradictory strands of evidence and struggled to differentiate people of the same name. They had to confront prolific errors and faulty traditions that had become hallowed tenets of faith through repetition and publication. In our modern era, the tools available to researchers have expanded beyond all earlier imaginings over the last few decades. These evolving resources include mass digitization and indexing of records, artificial intelligence applied to rote research processes, collaborative possibilities offered by digital media, and DNA evidence. Under those circumstances, revisions to old verities become inevitable. Only when we are willing to entertain new evidence and to approach old evidence with reinvigorated vision will we reap the full benefits of this knowledge revolution.

What follows is a reevaluation of the evidence presented by Dawnell Griffin in her highly respected and impressive publication *From England to America: Our Allred Family* (2015) regarding one major branch of the Allred family—the immediate descendants of Solomon Allred (wife Mary; d. 1782, Richmond Co., NC). Solomon was one of four progenitors of the Allred family in central North Carolina. The others were Thomas Allred, William Allred, and their illegitimate nephew John Allred (d. 1792). Solomon, his two brothers and sister (the mother of John Allred)

are all believed to have been children of a Solomon Allred, Sr. who lived in Chester County, Pennsylvania in the mid-18<sup>th</sup> century. Solomon the Younger (it seems strange to call him that) differs from his brothers in that he did not remain in what is now Randolph County, North Carolina (and was then part of Orange County), but continued further south after a short sojourn.

The evaluation below proceeds on the assumption that the Allreds who moved to Anson County (later became Richmond County in 1779) near the present border with Montgomery County in the vicinity of Mangum and Ellerbe, North Carolina, are more likely associated with Solomon than with his brothers Thomas and William and nephew John, all of whom he left behind. Solomon may have been the first-born of his brothers. He certainly had some of the oldest children of any of his siblings. Unfortunately, they later traveled to places where records are somewhat harder to come by, like Overton County, Tennessee whose courthouse burned in 1865. That makes them more difficult to trace. But it is not impossible to come up with a reasonable picture of the family. That is what this paper sets out to do.

The author recognizes the challenges involved in this task. He also understands that he will inevitably make new mistakes while attempting to correct the errors of others. For that reason, he encourages anyone with differing primary source evidence or with additional private evidence such as contemporary letters, family records, and private copies of public documents to contact him. Revisions are expected. His aim is not to defend and fortify his own conclusions, but to increase accurate knowledge about this particular family.

#### SOLOMON THE YOUNGER'S BRIEF STORY

Solomon Allred, the progenitor, acquired land in what is now Randolph County near his nephew John Allred on Sandy Creek via Granville grant in 1757. But he had been living there somewhat prior to that. His nephew John was living nearby and was known to have been present prior to 1755. In a warrant dated 17 Nov 1757, Solomon Allred petitioned to survey 640

Jolomon allered

Figure 1: Solomon Allred's signature from his Granville grant.

acres in Orange County on Deep River including his own improvement. On 26 October 1759, 400 acres were laid out to him in Orange County on both sides of the mouth of Sandy Creek adjacent

John Hopkins<sup>1</sup> and the various courses of Deep River. This was apparently the fulfillment of his earlier entry. His nephew John Allred was one of his chain bearers on the survey. Probably, his own children, including his own son named John were too young to serve such a purpose at the time, which suggests that none of them were born before the 1740s. Also, on 7 November 1757, Solomon Allred obtained a warrant for 640 acres in Orange County on Brush Creek including improvements purchased from a prior occupant, Alexander McDaniel. But this grant was apparently sold by Solomon to Luke Smith before it was surveyed and the grant issued to Smith prior to 1 August 1760. From his prior survey for the 400 acres on Sandy Creek, dated 1 August 1760, we can also see that Solomon Allred was able to sign his name. He was apparently literate, at least to the extent that he could manage a signature.<sup>2</sup>

In 1762, when Hercules Ogle obtained a grant on the south side of Deep River opposite the mouth of Sandy Creek adjoining Ogle's Creek and the river, among his chainers was Solomon Allred, Jr. along with Samuel Ghislin. It was about this time, then, that Solomon Allred's son, also named Solomon, arrived at an age to be a chain bearer, indicating that he was born in the mid to late 1740s. The evidence here comports with the age of a later Solomon Allred who shows up in the records of Overton County, Tennessee.<sup>3</sup> (See below.) Taking into consideration also that the 1755 tax list of Orange County shows Solomon Allred with only one taxable male, the obvious conclusion is that none of his sons were born before 1740.<sup>4</sup> But seven years later, his oldest sons were beginning to arrive at maturity. That is an important parameter to keep in mind.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> John Hopkins's warrant for his adjacent land, 300 acres in Orange on the north side of Deep River about a mile above Solomon Aldridge is dated 3 Feb 1756 and included William Croddin's improvement. Solomon was already there. Margaret M. Hofmann, *The Granville District of North Carolina, 1748-1763, Volume V* (Self published, 1995) 181. In December 1762, Hopkins got a further 206 acres in Orange County adjacent Solomon Alred and Hercules Ogle with Dennis Hopkins as chainer and witness. Margaret M. Hofmann, *The Granville District of North Carolina, 1748-1763, Volume II* (Self published, 1987) 277. This material came from Grant Book 11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Margaret M. Hofmann, *The Granville District of North Carolina, 1748-1763, Volume V* (Self published, 1995) pp. 132, 226. Also *Orange County Records: Granville Proprietary Land Office: Deeds & Surveys, 1752-1760, Volume V* (Raleigh, NC: Privately published, 1989), 384.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Hofmann, *Granville District of North Carolina, Volume II*, p. 79. Hercules Ogle, who founded a gristmill on Deep River in 1759, later removed to Grayson County, Virginia where he died with a will around 1804. He still had kin, whom he mentions, in Randolph County. Hercules Ogle was the son of John Ogle of White Clay Creek, Lancaster Co., Pennsylvania who died in 1741 and his wife Elizabeth. Hercules was born 6 April 1731 in New Castle Co., DE. Interestingly, he had a sister named Mary who was born there 18 Jun 1726. As Solomon's wife was named Mary, there is just a faint possibility that there was a family connection. See J. F. Engler, *Looking Back at the Ogle Families: A Comprehensive History and Genealogy of the Ogle Families in America* (2012), 201-202.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Memory Aldridge Lester, *The First Tax List of Orange Co., NC* (Chapel Hill, NC: 1963), 3.

It was not long before Solomon Allred decided to remove further south. There is no record of his having participated in the Regulation movement in Randolph County in the late 1760s, so we cannot be sure whether the conditions associated with that conflict prompted his move, but they certainly could have, given the timing. On 12 August 1771, Solomon Allred and his wife Mary sold to John Lewis 400 acres for £125 on Deep River, adjacent Hopkin's line on both sides of Sandy Creek at its mouth. This time, he signed by mark ("S") and so did his wife Mary ("Me"). This is our first encounter with her. It is uncertain whether she was his first wife and mother to all of his children, but she could have been. A reference is made to his Granville grant dated 1 August 1760 having been registered in Orange County Deed Book F, page 53. Jeremiah Reynolds and Isaac West stood as his witnesses. At this time, Randolph County had not yet been formed from Guilford County (see Guilford County Deed Book 1, p. 58.)

It is apparent that when Solomon Allred departed Randolph, he took most of his children with him, but his eldest son Theophilus Allred certainly remained behind.<sup>5</sup> Theophilus Allred had married Margaret Cheney, the daughter of Francis Cheney, by this point and probably stayed put because of his wife's connections locally. We know that Theophilus was the eldest son because when Solomon the Progenitor died in Richmond County about a decade later, Theophilus's eldest son (also named Solomon) inherited and then sold his paternal grandfather's land in Richmond County from his residence in Randolph County. There may also have been other children left behind in Randolph, including perhaps a daughter or daughter-inlaw named Betty or Elizabeth who married an Allred cousin. atDNA and naming practices in that line suggest as much. Then too, we have some reason to believe that James Allred, a nephew of Solomon through his brother Thomas, may also have married another of Solomon's daughters and remained behind for at least a time in Randolph before moving south to Richmond in his uncle's (also father-in-law's?) wake for a short interlude around 1800. atDNA is, again, an important element of the case. Many of James Allred's descendants continued to have connections to the northern panhandle of Richmond County long after most of Solomon's family had proceeded further south and west.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> One of the only known references to Theophilus Allred is in the list of the debtors of Col. John McGee in the part of Orange Co., NC which became Randolph, dated around the time of his death in 1773. The list includes both Solomon Allred and Theophilus Allred as well as James, John, William and Thomas Allred. See, Jo White Linn, "1773 Debtors of Col. John McGee, Orange Co., NC" in *North Carolina Genealogical Society Journal* Vol. 1, No. 1 (January 1975) 38.

Solomon Allred acquired his Richmond County land by purchase of 100 acres on 10 Sep 1774 of £30 from Stephen and Anne Touchstone in the predecessor county of Anson (Anson Deed Book K:249). The land was on the northeast side of Pee Dee on Mountain Creek and had been granted originally by the King to Touchstone on 14 May 1771. The witnesses to Solomon's deed were Ezra Bostick and John Allred. John Allred proved the deed in question, meaning he was already 21 years of age at the time, so born prior to 1753. John Allred was likely another son of this Solomon. We also have a record, on 3 January 1775, when both John and Solomon Allred were witnesses to a deed from Neill Brown to Daniel McDuffie for a small tract on Mountain Creek (See Anson County, NC Deed Book K:332).

The tract of land Solomon Allred the Progenitor purchased remained in his family long past his death. He left a brief estate file in 1782 in the newly-formed county of Richmond which mentions his wife Mary. His administrator was Benjamin Beard, Esq., secured by Joseph Hinds, in a bond dated 30 Dec 1782. It was a small estate, probably valued in the range of £25, given the £50 penal sum on the bond. Was Beard related to Solomon Allred? Why didn't Solomon's sons serve as his administrators? Part of his estate consisted of a horse requisitioned by Gen. Henry William Harrington and a rifle requisitioned by one Thomas Jennings, so we know that Solomon's farmstead had been touched by the Revolutionary struggle, then just coming to an end. The purchasers at his estate sale held 17 January 1783 were his widow Mary Allred, Edward Williams, Solomon Gross, Solomon Allred (his son), Jonathan Harry, and Ezra Bostick, as we have already seen, a near neighbor. We can also divine from the court minutes of Richmond County (June Term 1783, p. 103), that William Ashley owed the estate a debt which Beard sued to collect.

It seems the widow remained in the vicinity. She is listed as a head of household in the 1790 census of Montgomery County, NC as Mary Aldred, with two males under 16 years of age and one female, suggesting that she could have been living with a couple of her youngest sons or two grandsons. Mountain Creek runs very close to the border with Richmond County, and there was ambiguity at the time about the exact boundary between the two counties.<sup>6</sup> But she was probably deceased by the point that her late husband's grandson, Solomon Allred of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The line was not properly surveyed and marked until 1822. See David Leroy Corbitt, *The Formation of the North Carolina Counties, 1663-1943* (Raleigh, NC: Division of Archives and History, 1975), 181-182. There is also a possibility that this Mary in Montgomery was the widow of John Allred, and not Solomon's widow. See below.

Randolph County (son of Theophilus) sold the land belonging to the estate as the natural heir by primogeniture in 1797.

7 Dec 1797 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book C:806) Solomon Allred, Jr. of Randolph Co., NC to Solomon Allred, Sr. [his uncle] of Richmond Co., NC, for £30, 100 acres on Mountain Creek, granted to Solomon Allred [their grandfather and father] on 14 May 1797 [sic]. w/ David (X) Smith, Francis Allred, Fineha (X) Allred, John Allred. [Metes and bounds comparison shows these two tracts to be identical.]

Note that even though primogeniture had been abolished by the time this younger Solomon sold the property, what counted was that his grandfather had died in 1782, before the older inheritance regime had been abolished in 1784.<sup>7</sup>

Given that my own father and uncle have several Allred-related atDNA clusters at AncestryDNA, and that one of these focuses almost exclusively on Solomon's descendants, particularly descendants of Rachel Allred Looper, of John Allred (m. Phoebe Thompson, to AR), of William Allred (of Solomon, Jr.), and also of John Allred and Isabella Burt (a son of Jonathan Allred, of Solomon), and that there are also numerous descendants of Tobias Long of Randolph County, NC in the same cluster, it is my belief that the first wife of Solomon Allred, Sr. of Richmond Co. (d. 1782), perhaps Mary (wife of Solomon Allred), could have been a descendant of the Long family of Cecil Co., MD and a close relative of Tobias Long who later moved to early Randolph County, NC. Tobias had a close relative, probably a brother named John Lang (aka Long), who left a will probated in 1741 in Cecil County. Their father Edward's will also spells his name as "Lange." John Lang's will mentions his sons by name, but his estate account lists his daughters Rachel and Mary, among others.<sup>8</sup> It is my working theory that Mary Long became the wife of Solomon Allred and that Rachel may have become the first wife of Thomas Allred, his brother, leading to the common use of the given name "Rachel" in subsequent generations. None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Nancy Judd Martin was responsible for making this connection. She carefully compared the deed of acquisition's metes and bounds from 1774 with those of the deed of sale made by Solomon Allred (of Theophilus) in 1797 and found that the properties were identical. See, Nancy Judd Martin, "Possible Family of Theophilus Allred of Randolph County, North Carolina," *Allred Family Organization Newsletter* no, 81 (Winter 2009), 7-9.
<sup>8</sup> See Administration Accounts of the Prerogative Court of Maryland, Vol. 18, p. 503 (John Lang) estate. The executrix is given as Sarah Lang and the children as Mary, Sarah, John, Leah, Daniel, Rachel, and Esther. The will, which mentions the daughters not at all, is found in Maryland Calendar of Wills, Vol. 22, p. 341. This John Lang owned a tract of land in neighboring Baltimore (now Harford) Co. called "John's Beginning." The Register of St. Mary Ann's Parish shows this Mary was born 5 Mar 1725, so certainly old enough to be the identical Mary. Her brothers John Lang (b. 1728) and Daniel Lang (b. 1734) and the burial of her older sister Catherine (1722), are all noted in the register. See Henry C. Peden, Jr., *Early Anglican Church Records of Cecil County, Maryland* (Westminster, MD: Willowbend Books, 1990) 77.

of this can be proven at this point. It remains merely a theory in search of substantiation or refutation.

Given that Solomon Allred died intestate well before the 1790 census or even the 1787 state census, there is no absolute proof of his heirs. But if we take as our guide the connection with some of the family left behind in Randolph, and the ones who accompanied and associated with him in Richmond County, we can arrive at some excellent possibilities in defining his children. The birth order is only approximate.

#### THE PROPOSED CHILDREN AND GRANDCHILDREN

(1) Theophilus Allred (b. 1740s-d. aft. 1775 and bef. 1783) m. Margaret Chaney, daughter of Francis Chaney and Sarah Orrick (Allrich?), originally from New Castle Co., DE. Theophilus was alive around 1773 when he was listed as a debtor to Col. John McGee's estate in Orange County (later Randolph) and signed a petition to remove the public buildings of Guilford County nearer the geographical center. But he was dead by 1783, and possibly as early as 1779, because he does not appear in the Randolph County tax list of that latter year. His wife Margaret is called the "widow Margaret Allred" when William Horner sold her his land warrant on the west fork of Solomon's Branch in Randolph County on 31 January 1783. They had at least three children. There is no doubt that Theophilus was the eldest son of Solomon the Younger, and that Theophilus's son Solomon Allred was the eldest grandson because that Solomon, Jr. inherited all of his grandfather's Richmond County land and sold it from his then residence in Randolph County (see above). We do know that Margaret Allred's house caught fire at some point. Her brother John Chaney's Revolutionary War Pension application (S32177) states that his father's, Francis Cheney's, family record was lost in that conflagration. All three of Theophilus's sons removed to Overton County, TN with the family of their uncle Solomon Allred, Jr. and some of the Cheneys. This chronology of records is applicable to the family as a whole.

1790 Census of Randolph Co., NC, p. 285 Margaret Allred 2 M >16 (Solomon, Jonathan) 1 M < 16 (Francis)

1 F (Margaret)

1800 Census of Randolph Co., NC p. 306 Margaret Allred 2 M 16/26 (Solomon, Jonathan Allred?) 1 M 26/45 (John Chaney?) 1 M > 45 (Francis Chaney?)

Francis Allred 1 M 16/26 (Francis Allred) 1 F 16/26 (wife of Francis)

1 F 10/16 (Rachel Stillwell?)

1 F > 45 (Margaret Allred?)

1 F 16/26 (Margaret Stillwell?)

26 Apr 1801 (Randolph Co., NC Deed Book 8:232) Francis Chaney to his daughter Margaret Allred, for love and affection, 100 acres adjoining grandson Jonathan Allred. w/ William Hinshaw.

26 Apr 1801 (Randolph Co., NC Deed Book 8:232) Francis Chaney to Jonathan Allred, 100 acres on the west end of the Chaney land on a fork of Richland Creek. w/ William Hinshaw.

6 May 1804 (Randolph Co., NC Deed Book 8:424) Francis Chaney to grandson Jonathan Allred, for love and affection, 100 acres, part of a grant to Chaney by Lord Granville, on the west end of Chaney's old original deeded land on Richland Creek, adj. Thomas Cox, Thomas Stroud, Abraham Ratliff. w/ Charles Duncan.

6 May 1804 (Randolph Co., NC Deed Book 8:431) Francis Chaney to Margaret Allred, his daughter, for love, 100 acres joining the 100 acres Chaney allotted to his grandson Jonathan Allred on Richland Creek, adj. Thomas Stroud, Alex'r. Ratliff, Thomas Cox, from a Granville Grant. w/ Charles Duncan.

27 Sep 1804 (Randolph Co., NC Deed Book 8:500) Francis Chaney, Sr., Francis Chaney, Jr., Michael Harvey, Sr., Margaret Allred and Margaret Stillwell<sup>9</sup> to John Chaney, for £100, 100 acres on Richland Creek adj. Thomas Cox. w/ Samuel Aston. *This deed proves that one Margaret Stillwell was somehow closely related to the Chaneys. Perhaps she was a surviving daughter of Margaret Chaney Allred's deceased sister. Margaret did have another sister Elizabeth who married Michael Harvey.* 

16 Oct 1804 (Randolph Co., NC Deed Book 8:438) Jonathan Alred to Isaac Julian, for £150, 100 acres on Richland Creek, part of a tract Granville granted to Francis Chaney. w/ Francis Allred.

14 Jun 1805 (Randolph Co., NC Deed Book 11:23) Margaret Allred to Benjamin Hinshaw, for £150, 160 acres on Deep River granted William Horner, transferred to Margaret Allred as will more fully appear by reference to the original grant, adj. Thomas Hinshaw, Benjamin Hinshaw, bearing date 1799. *Horner's grant states that this property (originally given as 300 acres) was on the west fork of Solomon's Branch and included Margaret Allred's improvement. The warrant was sold by Horner to Margaret Allred "widow" on 31 Jan 1783. It was surveyed 26 Nov 1793 with Elias and Eli Allred, chainers.* 

19 Oct 1805 (Randolph Co., NC Deed Book 11:18) Margaret Allred of Randolph County to Joseph Cox, for £100, 100 acres on Richland Creek adj. Isaac Julian, Thomas Cox, granted Francis Chaney 30 Jun 1762 and given by Chaney to Margaret.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The Bible of Jonathan Allred, the son of Margaret Chaney, originally in possession of F. R. Aldridge of Nashville, TN, lists birthdates for two Stillwell women, Margaret Stillwell (b. 16 Nov 1784) and Rachel Stillwell (b. 1 Mar 1786). Doubtless this is the Margaret of the deed and the only surviving granddaughter through an unknown daughter of Francis Chaney who married a Stillwell.

The children of Theophilus Allred and his wife Margaret Chaney seem to have been:

i. Solomon Allred (b. c. 1770, named for his grandfather) m. Sarah. He is probably the Solomon Allred who appears on p. 188 of the 1830 census of Overton Co., TN with 1 male 5/10, 1 male 10/15, 1 male 15/20, 1 male 50/60, 1 female < 5, 1 female 10/15 and 1 female 30/40 and the individual on p. 24B of the 1850 census, aged 80 with wife Sarah, aged 58. Also living with them, Daniel Allred aged 31 and Abner Allred aged 17. He evidently had other sons born between 1810 and 1815 and between 1820 to 1825. The older of these two sons might have been Theophilus Allred (b. c. 1815) m. Elizabeth of the 1850 Census of Overton. This individual was frequently known as Theophilus M. C. Allred.

ii. Jonathan Allred (named for his uncle) (b. 16 Nov 1772) m. Nancy Walker (b. 22 Mar 1785). Moved to Overton Co., TN. His Bible records survive and refer to his collateral kin through his mother, the Stillwell family. (See the chronology above.) Children were:
Robert Allred (b. 26 Oct 1803) m. Ann (Moredec?) (b. 13 Feb 1813); Bailey Allred (b. 15 Jan 1806) m. Sarah Copeland (b. 10 Jan 1810); Charles M. Allred (b. 19 Feb 1809) m. (1) Anna Speck (b. 13 Feb 1814), (2) Epsey Ramsay (b. 29 Mar 1831); John Allred (b. 9 Mar 1814)<sup>10</sup>; Jonathan Allred (b. 5 Jul 1816).

iii. Francis Allred (b. c. 1770/80—d. c. 1826/1830, Overton Co., TN) (named for his maternal grandfather) m. Rachel (some have given her surname as "Allison"). He is listed in the 1800 census of Randolph County next to his mother Margaret Allred. Apparently, he had only recently been married. He witnessed his brother Jonathan's deed of conveyance to land inherited from their grandfather Francis Chaney before their departure from North Carolina. He later moved to Overton Co., TN with his brothers. Overton County Deed Book E, p. 563 was a conveyance of land from Francis Allred to his son (?) Theophilus dated 20 October 1826 which was completed by the administrator Rachel Allred, indicating Francis had died by that point. He had a son born 1802 to 1804 and two sons born between 1810 and 1820. The older son was probably Theophilus

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Is this the John Allred aged 35 with wife JulyAnn and children Charles, George, Morgan, Sarah and Nancy in the 1850 census of Overton Co., TN, p. 31?

Fleming Allred (b. c. 1802; m. Elizabeth Bowman) who moved to Fentress Co., TN, next door to Overton. That individual's name and age in the 1850 census has frequently been misread to make him much older (see Griffin's book on this subject) than he actually was. The other sons, born between 1810 and 1820, are difficult to determine.

(2) William Allred (?) William Allred is known through a single record only. At July Term of 1775, Anson County Court, a William Allred and his hands were assigned to work on the road of which Jonathan Llewellyn was overseer alongside Mr. Kahee<sup>11</sup>, William Ashley and John Cole.<sup>12</sup> This William was likely one of the sons of Solomon Allred, for he must have been an adult at that time and born around or just prior to 1755. Since there is no further mention of him, I suspect he died relatively young, perhaps in association with the Revolutionary War. It is noteworthy that several of his brothers named sons after him, perhaps to preserve his memory. In fact, each son of Solomon seems to have named two of their boys John and William—the sons of the elder Solomon who died young.

(3) Solomon Allred, Jr. (1740/50—c. 1836/1837, Overton Co., TN). His wife and family are extremely difficult to define. We know as early as 1762 he was a chainbearer on a land grant for his father's neighbor Hercules Ogle. He served several times on juries in Richmond County Court through the 1780s, once in 1789 with his brother Jonathan. Per the 1830 census of Overton Co., TN, he was likely born in the 1740s and probably later in that decade. What follows are additional records pertaining to him and his extended family in Overton Co., TN where he came with the sons of his brother Theophilus before 1810. There is doubt as to where they may have lived between 1800 and 1810.

1787 State Census of Richmond Co., NC Solomon Alred 1 M 21 to 60 4 M < 21 or >60 3 F

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Probably the husband of the later Widow McKachea of records in the Solomon Allred, Jr. sequence. <sup>12</sup> See Mary Wilson McBee, *Anson County, North Carolina, Abstracts of Early Records* (Self-published, 1950), 104. Jonathan Llewellyn's initial land was on Hitchcock's Creek in what is now Richmond Co., NC, but then moved up to Rocky Fork near Drowning Creek. He was later overseer of a road leading from Rocky Fork to Old Cheraw. William Ashley's land lay on Little River, northeast of the Pee Dee, so in Richmond County and Montgomery County.

Oct Term 1789, Richmond Co., NC Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions

Ordered that Jonathan Alred be overseer in conjunction with the Montgomery County's hands, from Isaac Armstrongs to McClains and that Solomon Alred, John Ewen, Mr. Haskins's hands, John Gillis, Henry and Robert Stringfellow, Solomon Sprawls, John Jenkins, Duncan McInnis, Phoenias Alread, Samuel Boykin work there on &c.

Jan 1790 Richmond Co., NC Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions Minutes Ordered that the following persons be appointed to lay off of a road, from Matthew Raiford ford on Little River the nearest and best way to the widow Kachea Bridge, to wit, Joseph Tarbutton, John Crouch, Daniel McDaniel, Wm. McDaniel, Richd. Ussery, James Bostick, Thos. Jowers, James McKachea, John McKachea, Sampson Sellars, Solomon Alred, Jonathan Alred, John Ewen, Joseph Hines, Nath'l. Chairs Esqr., Robert Stringfellow, Henry Stringfellow & John Jenkins, and that they make report to the next court &c.

1790 Census of Richmond Co., NC [next door to Jonathan Alred] Solomon Allred 3 M > 16 2 M < 16/>60 4 females

22 Dec 1792 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book C:69) Archibald McDuffie of Cumberland Co., NC to Solomon Allred of Richmond Co., for £30, land in Montgomery and Richmond, the balance of a 200-acre survey. w/ Malcolm Monroe, Jonathan Allred. In May 1773, McDuffie received 400 acres from the State on the western side of Mountain Creek adj. William McDaniel and on the north side of the road to Colson's Ferry. It was surveyed in 1772 with Stephen Touchstone and Daniel McDuffie as chain bearers. The 200 acres was probably the remnant of this 400-acre tract.

7 Dec 1797 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book C:806) Solomon Allred, Jr. of Randolph Co., NC to Solomon Allred, Sr. [his uncle] of Richmond Co., NC, for £30, 100 acres on Mountain Creek, granted to Solomon Allred [their grandfather and father] on 14 May 1797 [sic]. w/ David (X) Smith, Francis Allred, Fineha (X) Allred, John Allred.

1798 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book E:218) Solomon Allred to Sherrod Harris, for £60, part of a tract granted Stephen Touchstone (14 May 1779) on Mountain Creek, 100 acres. w/ Roderick McLeod, John Aldred, Silas (X) Sellers. [*Apparently*, *his father's old tract purchased from his nephew*.]

4 Oct 1798 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book E:221) Solomon Aldred to John Morris for £70, part of a 400acre survey for Archibald McDuffie (10 Oct 1779) in both Richmond and Montgomery counties on Wells Branch, 200 acres, except for 25 acres taken by John Ervin's survey. w/ Roderick McLeod, John McCaskill.

7 Nov 1809 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book A:144) William Bunch signed a power of attorney to Solomon Allred to sign his name to any document by which he conveyed a certain tract of land to Solomon Allred and David Smith. w/ Abner Smith, Abraham Carlock.

18 Jun 1818—A grant issued to Jonathan Allred as assignee of Benjamin J. Jeffreys (for his military service; warrant 22 Dec 1796, entered 9 Nov 1814) for 9 acres, part of the warrant in Overton in the 3d district on the West Fork of Obed's River, adj. James Armstong.

18 Jun 1818—Jonathan Allred, as assignee of John Philips, clears 200 acres part of a warrant (24 Jun 1807) falling to Phillips as assignee of Moses Ferguson, a sergeant of the guard to the commissioners. In the 3<sup>rd</sup>

District of Overton, including two improvements by Fancher and Moore Matlock, adj. the bottom near old Mr. Fancher's. Surveyed 3 Nov 1814.

| 1820 Census of Overton Co., TN [Clearly, this enumeration missed many families.] p. 253 |                                    |  |
|---|------------------------------------|--|
| Solomon Allred  |                                    |  |
| 2 M < 10  | 2 F < 10                           |  |
| 1 M > 45 [Solomon of Theo.]   | 1 F 26/45                          |  |
|   | l F > 45 [Margaret Cheney Allred?] |  |
| n 262   |                                    |  |
| p. 262<br>Janathan Allrad   |                                    |  |
| Jonathan Allred<br>2 M < 10   | 1 F 26/45                          |  |
| 2 M 10/16   | 11 20/43                           |  |
| 1 M 26/45   |                                    |  |
| 1 M > 45 [Jonathan of Theo.]  |                                    |  |
| 1 M / 45 []onachan or Theo.]  |                                    |  |
|   |                                    |  |
| p. 264 [adjacent households]<br>Francis Allred  |                                    |  |
| 2 M < 10  | 1 F < 10                           |  |
| 1 M 16/18   | 1 F 10/16                          |  |
| 1 M 16/26   | 1 F 26/45                          |  |
| 1 M > 45 [Francis of Theo.]   |                                    |  |
| L 3   |                                    |  |
| John Allred   |                                    |  |
| 3 M < 10 [Temple, Allen, John?]   | 1 F < 10                           |  |
| 2 M 10/16 [Samuel]  | 1 F 26/45 [Phoebe]                 |  |
| 1 M > 45 [John]   |                                    |  |
|   |                                    |  |

13 Apr 1822 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book E:537) Reuben Carlock to Solomon Allred, for \$200, 100 acres, adj. the west side of the West Fork of Obed's River, at the foot of a mountain, adj. Carlock's father's survey. w/ David Jackson, John Jackson.

9 Jul 1822—Solomon Allred clears 61 ½ acres, part of a warrant (6 Dec 1797) issued to the heirs of Jobe Cale for military service, surveyed 1 Jul 1812, West Fork of Obed's River, in the third District of Overton, a cove of Cumberland Mountain, known as Sink Cove, near where Allred now lives, the path leading from Allred to John McNatty, a spur of the mountain, the foot of another mountain.

9 July 1822—Solomon Allred clears 25 ¼ acres from a patent for the Heirs of Jobe Cole, military bounty warrant, surveyed 1 Jul 1812, on the West Fork of Obed's River including where Allred now lives, near the foot of Cumberland Mountain, the top of the Cliff.

9 Jul 1822—Solomon Allred clears 13 ¼ acres from a patent for the Heirs of Jobe Cole (military bounty land), surveyed 1 Jul 1812, in the 3<sup>rd</sup> Dist. of Overton, on the West Fork of Obed River, including where John Allred now lives, a bluff of Cumberland, spur of the mountain, the beginning corner of his 25.25 acre tract.

23 Sep 1823—A grant issued for 40 acres originally entered by James Boswell (7 Mar 1815; surveyed 4 Sep 1815) and assigned to Francis Allred, on the West Fork of Obed's River, including Francis's improvement.

23 Sep 1823—A grant issued for 10 acres originally entered by James Boswell (25 Feb 1813; surveyed 4 Sep 1815) and assigned to Francis Allred on the West Fork of Obed's River, near an old Indian camp, on the south side of the Fork, mentions a cliff.

23 Sep 1823—A grant issued to Solomon Allred for 25 acres as assignee of Gideon Pillow (part of his 120acre survey) on Obed's River, near the head of a small spring, the north boundary of William Bunch. Surveyed originally 17 Feb 1813.

19 Jan 1824—Francis Allred, as assignee of Samuel Miller, clears 8 acres (surveyed 13 May 1823) in the 3<sup>rd</sup> Dist. on the waters of West Fork, Obed's River, the Flier Flat, involving a cucumber tree as a mete.

19 Jan 1824—Francis Allred, as assignee of Samuel Miller, clears 10 acres (surveyed 15 May 1823) in Overton, waters of West Fork of Obed's River, near the spring where Freelin Williams formerly lived.

19 Jan 1824—Jonathan Allred, as assignee of Samuel Miller, clears 2 acres (surveyed out of 25, 13 May 1823) in the 3<sup>rd</sup> District, waters of East Fork of Obed's River, including a mill seat where Allred is now building a mill.

15 Apr 1824—Robert Allred as assignee of David Smith's entry, 55 acres, surveyed 27 May 1825, on the West Fork of Obed's Run, adj. a 25-acre survey, a mountain, the corner of William Bunch's 100-acre survey. Issued 23 Sep 1829.

5 Jul 1824—Solomon Allred, Jr. enters 30 acres (surveyed 28 Oct 1824) on the West Fork of Obed's River, adj. Sunk Cove, the foot of the mountain, Solomon Allred, Sr.'s line, down the Hollow. Issued 27 Oct 1835.

7 Oct 1825—Jonathan Allred, assignee of James Welch, surveyed 50 acres in White County, on Drowning Creek, below Cumberland Mountain. Issued 17 Oct 1826.

2 Jan 1826—Baily Allred entered 100 acres (surveyed 8 Jun 1826) in White County on Drowning Creek and on Cumberland Mountain, near a spring where William C. Harges lived, below Graham's, two small branches. Issued to him 22 Feb 1845. This is probably an assignment of an earlier grant.

2 Jan 1826—Jonathan Allred entered 50 acres in White County on Lick Creek and on Cumberland Mountain, the road. Surveyed 7 Jun 1827. Issued 2 May 1828.

23 Jan 1826—Solomon Allred entered 75 acres (surveyed 6 Dec 1833) on the West Fork of Obed's River, on the line of his own tract. Issued 20 Jul 1836.

24 Jan 1826—Solomon Allred entered 100 acres, surveyed 7 Dec 1833, on the West Fork of Obed's River, adj. the boundary of a 25-acre tract belonging to him, a 100-acre tract belonging to him, the Big Road leading to Monroe. Issued 23 May 1837.

2 Jan 1826—Jonathan Allred entered 50 acres in White County (surveyed 8 Jun 1827) on Caney Fork on Cumberland Mountain, where George Gardnhire cut some logs near the road leading from Johnstons to Sequatchey Valley. Issued 2 May 1828.

16 Jan 1826—Jonathan Allred entered 50 acres on the Dripping Spring Creek of Obed's River adj. James Peek's 10-acre survey, Butler and Marchbank's Turnpike, including the house and improvements formerly occupied by John Kearby and now by Allred. Surveyed 4 Mar 1830. Issued 12 Oct 1831.

14 Feb 1826—John Allred entered 30 acres (surveyed 16 May 1827) on West Fork of Obed's River, at the foot of a mountain, near a ledge of rocks, the bluff of a branch. Issued 13 Jun 1832.

20 Oct 1826 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book E/563) Francis Allred to Theophilus Allred, for \$60, 10 acres on the West Fork of Obed's River, adj. a cliff. Signed by Rachel Allred, administratrix.

2 Jan 1827—Jonathan Allred entered 50 acres in White Co. on the waters of Lick Creek near the head and on Cumberland Mountain, near the road, Allred's east and west lines. Issued 2 May 1828.

23 Mar 1827—John Allred enters 30 acres on the West Fork of Obed's River, surveyed 16 May 1827, adj. his own land, the bluff of a branch. Issued 23 Sep 1829.

7 Jan 1828—Jonathan Allred enters 150 acres (surveyed 6 Sep 1835) west fork of Obed's Creek, adj. a 200 acre tract belonging to Allred, a 100-acre tract in Larkin Cox's name, William Chaney, a 25-acre survey. Issued 19 Dec 1835.

20 Feb 1828 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book G:90) David Smith to Robert Allred, for \$525, acres in the Third District on the West Fork of Obed's River adj. the road leading from Monroe up the West Fork, on the north boundary of a 100-acre survey to William Bunch, now occupied by David Smith, the hill above Moredock's Mill. w/ William Walker, Solomon Allred.

26 Apr 1828 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book G:91) David Smith to Robert Allred, for \$425, 50 acres on the west side of the West Fork of Obed's River, adj. the sectional line of the 12<sup>th</sup> section, near the big road. w/ Richard Winningham, Jesse Ashburn.

1830 Census of Overton Co., TN

p. 188 Solomon Allred [of Theophilus?] 1 M 5/10 [Daniel] 1 F < 5 1 M 10/15 1 F 10/15 1M 15/20 1 F 30/40 [Sarah] 1 M 50/60 [Solomon]

p. 204 Robert Allred [could this be a son of Solomon, Sr.?] 2 M < 5 3 F < 5 2 M 5/10 1 F 5/10 1 M 15/20 2 F 10/15 1 M 20/30 2 F 15/20 1 M 40/50 1 F 20/30 1 F 30/40

| p. 208<br>William Allred [son of So<br>3 M < 5 [Daniel, William<br>2 M 5/10 [Jonathan, ?]<br>1 M 15/20 [Thomas B.?]<br>1 M 40/50 | -  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Solomon Allred, Sr.<br>1 M 80/90   | 1 F 20/30<br>1 F 70/80   |  |  |
| Solomon Allred, Jr. [Son o<br>1 M < 5<br>1 M 5/10<br>1 M 20/30<br>1 M 40/50  | of Solomon, Sr.]<br>1 F < 5<br>2 F 5/10<br>3 F 10/15<br>2 F 15/20<br>1 F 40/50 |  |  |
| John Allred [Son of Solom<br>2 M 5/10 [Allen, Aaron?]<br>2 M 10/15 [John, Jr., Solon<br>1 M 15/20 [Temple]<br>1 M 50/60 [John]   | 1 F 15/20 [Mary]   |  |  |
| Rebecca Stringfellow<br>1 F 70/80  |  |  |  |
| Samuel Allred [son of Joh<br>1 M 20/30   | n of Solomon, Sr.]<br>1 F 20/30  |  |  |
| p. 209<br>Bailey Allred [son of Jonathan of Theophilus]<br>1 M 20/30 1 F 40/50<br>near John, William and James Cheney            |  |  |  |
| p. 210 [adjacent]<br>Theophilus Allred<br>1 M 5/10<br>1 M 20/30  | 2 F < 5<br>1 F 15/20<br>1 F 20/30  |  |  |
| John Allred<br>1 M < 5<br>1 M 20/30  | 1 F < 5<br>1 F 20/30   |  |  |
| Solomon Allred<br>1 M 5/10<br>1 M 10/15<br>1 M 20/30   | 1 F < 5<br>1 F 20/30   |  |  |

p. 211 Jonathan Allred 1 M < 5 1 F 5/10 1 M 5/10 1 F 30/40 1 M 40/50

17 Mar 1830—Robert Allred assignee of Joshua Wright, 200 acres surveyed 3 Oct 1838, on the West Fork of Obed's Creek, on the west side of the McIver Tract (40,000 acres). Issued Jun 1840.

19 Mar 1830—Charles M. Allred, as assignee of Peggy Murphree and Charles Murphree (their entry), obtained (through survey dated 22 Jan 1836) 200 acres on the West Fork of Obed's River, adj. Samuel Stout's survey. Issued 13 Oct 1837. Also, on the same day, Charles M. Allred as assignee of Peggy and Levi Murphree, 200 acres by survey dated 22 Jan 1836, on West Fork of Obed's River. Issued 13 Oct 1837.

10 Oct 1830 John Allred and Mounce Gore, 10,000 acres in Overton County on Cumberland Mountain adjacent the Walton Road, the Dripping Spring, Emery Road.

18 Dec 1830—Eleazer Allred entered 200 acres (surveyed 14 Jan 1836) on the East Fork of Obed's River on Little Hurricane Creek near a ridge. Issued 23 May 1837.

15 Mar 1830—William Allred entered 30 acres (surveyed 19 Feb 1831) on the waters of Obed's River, adj. a 30-acre tract, the foot of a mountain, near a spring, Solomon Allred, Sr.'s line. Issued 12 Jun 1832.

18 Jul 1831 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book F:512) William D. Bunch of Crittendon Co., Arkansas Territory to Solomon Allred of Overton Co., TN, for \$150, 50 acres in the Third Distrct, on the West side of the West Fork of Obed's River, at the beginning corner of his other entry No. 251, adj. the northern boundary of the twelfth section, adj. a conditional corner with David Smith, the big road that leads up the West Fork, the mountain side. Surveyed 27 Mar 1810. w/ Samuel Bowman, Elijah (X) Thompson.

30 Jan 1832—Robert Allred entered 21 acres, surveyed 9 Nov 1834, on the west fork of Obed's River, adj. Solomon Allred, David Smith's old line, a beech on the cliff of the River, north to the bluff of the river. Issued 21 Dec 1836.

26 Mar 1832 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book G:142) Jonathan Allred of Overton Co., TN to Bailey Allred of the same, for \$900, 141 acres on the West Fork of Obed's River at the foot of Cumberland Mountain, adj. John Christian, David Collier, Joseph Linder, the line of a 23-acre survey. w/ David Collier, Thomas Boman.

30 Apr 1832—Robert Allred entered 25 acres, surveyed 15 May1834, on the West Fork of Obed River, adj. the mountain, a deep hollow. Issued 26 Oct 1835.

30 Oct 1832—Solomon Alred entered 50 acres, surveyed 15 Jan 1836, in the Sunk Cane, near Solomon Allred, Sr.'s line, at the foot of a mountain, top of a bluff, including a ten-acre survey now occupied by said Solomon Alred.

11 Jan 1834 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book G:28) Jonathan Allred to Thomas H. Fancher, for \$700, part of a 200-acre grant to Jonathan Allred on the waters of Obed's Creek (No. 12177), 80 acres, on the Sinking Cain Bottom, adj. William Cheney. William Cheney made himself security to this deed 11 Jan 1834 with James C. Officer, John S. Walker.

2 Feb 1835—Solomon Allred entered 35 acres, surveyed 15 Jan 1836, on the west fork of Obed's River and on a mountain, the eastern line of a 100-acre survey for John Allred. Issued 21 Dec 1836.

2 Mar 1835—William Allred entered 20 acres on the West Fork of Obed's River (surveyed 10 May 1835), adj. the east side of a mountain, a cucumber on the spur of the mountain. Issued 24 May 1837.

11 May 1835—100 acres surveyed to Rebecca Allred<sup>13</sup> on the waters of West Fork of Obed's River, adj. 25acre tract of Solomon Allred, Sr., a chestnut on the spur of the mountain, the foot of a large bluff, the corner of two tracts owned by Solomon Allred, near the head of Alred's Spring. Issued 3 Nov 1838.

26 Aug 1835, Robert Allred entered 350 acres by survey dated 10 Mar, on the West Fork of Obed's River, adj. the tract he lives on, the foot of a mountain. Issued 20 Dec 1836.

12 Nov 1835—Robert Allred enters 500 acres as assignee of Charles Allred (surveyed 25 Sep 1838) on the West Fork of Obed's River, adj. Solomon Allred, a spur of Cumberland Mountain. Issued 9 Dec 1839.

12 Nov 1835, Robert Allred entered 500 acres as assignee of Charles Allred (surveyed 25 Sep 1838) on the West Fork of Obed's River, near on a drain on a spur of Cumberland Mountain. Issued 9 Dec 1839.

29 Sep 1836 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book I:63) Jarrett T. Cox to Robert Allred, a bond to make title to 25 acres adj. Jesse Roberts's 15-acre tract, adj. Jarrett Cox's home tract. w/ Solomon Allred, Wm. Chinglongt [?].

1836 Tax List (District 9) [Mostly Solomon Allred and his children and grandchildren, and also his sister Rebecca Stringfellow, listed as an Allred]

|                        | •••]     |                                   |  |  |
|------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Solomon Allred, Sr.    |          | 10 acres 315 acres (school lands) |  |  |
| Solomon R. Allred      |          | 40 acres 740 acres (school lands) |  |  |
| Samuel Allred          | 10 acres | 100 acres (school lands)          |  |  |
| John Allred, Jr.       | 8 acres  | 100 acres (school lands)          |  |  |
|                        |          |                                   |  |  |
| John Allred, Sr.       | 25 acres | 205 acres (school lands)          |  |  |
| Sally Allred           |          | 24 acres                          |  |  |
| Rebecca Allred         |          | 100 acres (school lands)          |  |  |
| Charles M. Allred      |          | 250 acres (school lands)          |  |  |
| Theophilus Allred M.C. | 10 acres | 25 acres (school lands)           |  |  |
| Thomas B. Allred       |          |                                   |  |  |
| William Allred         | 25 acres | 218 acres (school lands)          |  |  |
|                        |          | . ,                               |  |  |

(District 10) [These entries are mostly referring to the children and grandchildren of Theophilus]Theophilus Allred, Jr.50 acres (school lands)Theophilus Allred, Sr.50 acres (school lands)Baley Allred140 acresRobert Allred50 acres (school lands)25 acres40 acres (school lands)

23 acres 25 acres (school lands)

25 acres (school lands)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Was this actually Solomon, Sr.'s sister, Rebecca Stringfellow?

|                |           | 500 acres (school lands) |
|----------------|-----------|--------------------------|
|                |           | 350 acres (school lands) |
| Solomon Allred | 100 acres | 25 acres (school lands)  |
|                | 50 acres  | 100 acres (school lands) |
|                | 25 acres  | 75 acres (school lands)  |
| Solomon Allred | 50 acres  | 100 acres (school lands) |

Charles Allred

There is also an 1837 list

25 Jan 1837 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book G:437) John and Thomas K. McDonnald to Robert Allred, 70 acres adj. McIver, Wm. Haytor, Jobe Carlock, Dillon. w/ J. Roberts, Jared T. Cox.

1 Jan 1838 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book G:524) William Allred to Thomas Brown, for \$250, 27 acres surveyed 12 Dec 1817 in the 34d District on Puncheon Camp Creek, waters of the West Fork of Obed's River, including the place where William Brown lived, adj. the mountain. Acknowledged.

1 Jan 1838 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book I:20) William (X) Allred to Thomas Brown, for \$200, 50 acres in the Third District, on Puncheon Camp Creek, adj. William Brown, the Mountain, the improvement where Thomas Brown lives. Acknowledged.

6 Sep 1838 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book I:316) Theophilus Mc. Allred to John Allred, for \$250, 50 acres on the West Fork of Obed's River, adj. the bank of Puncheon Camp Creek, a ledge of rocks, a conditional line between Wright and Andrew Boswell. w/ Robert Allred, C. M. Allred.

3 Oct 1838 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book J:175) Solomon R. Allred to Evan Jones, his attorney, to convey to William Phillips, a tract in Overton County, 40 acres on the West Fork of Obed's River. Specifies the consideration of two notes executed by Phillips to Allred on 26 Jan 1838 and 25 Dec 1839. He empowers Evan Jones also to transfer a certain entry and copy for 640 acres of land entered 16 Jan 1836 (No. 1435). w/ W. B. Richardson, A. Daugherty.

20 Apr 1839 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book I:110) Jonathan Allred to William A. Officer, for \$900, several tracts on the West Fork of Obed's River and in Sinking Cane [Cove?] Valley: 120 acres, part of a 200-acre tract (Grant Number 12177) adj. Officer; 9 acres adj. this tract and the western boundary of the same; 80 acres, part of a 150-acre tract (Grant 4866) adj. a ridge between Allred and Larkin Cox, a ridge or spur of a Mountain. w/ Thomas H. Fancher, James C. Officer.

25 Jul 1839 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book I:343) John Allred to Magness Looper, for \$100, 100 acres granted by Tennessee to John Allred (No. 4858), adj. a 13-acre survey made by Solomon Allred, Sr., the Pouring Spring, including the house and part of the improvement where Allred now lives. w/ Thomas (X) Boman, William Boswell.

9 Oct 1839 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book I:225) John Christian, Sr. to Robert Allred, for \$1,000, 141 acres held as part of Grant No. 4552 (for 200 acres) on the waters of the West Fork of Obed's River, at the foot of Cumberland Mountain, adj. 23 acres conveyed to Jonathan Allred by John Christian, Jr., a dry branch forming a conditional boundary between David Collier and John Christian, Sr., a conditional line between Joseph Lister and Christian. w/ James C. Officer, Thomas H. Fancher.

14 Dec 1839—Bailey Allred issued 10 acres as assignee of James Morrow in the 3<sup>rd</sup> District on the Wet Fork of Obed's River, the corner of a survey occupied by John Christian, a mountain. (Surveyed 5 Feb 1819; part of 640 acres entred 1 Jun 1818).

| 1840 Census of Overton Co., TN<br>p. 4<br>Robert Allred<br>2 M 5/10<br>1 M 10/15<br>1 M 30/40                    | 1 F 5/10<br>1 F 15/20<br>1 F 30/40  |
|--|---|
| Theophilus Mc Allred<br>2 M < 5<br>3 M 5/10<br>1 M 15/20<br>1 M 20/30<br>1 M 30/40                               | 1 F 10/15<br>1 F 15/20<br>1 F 30/40   |
| Solomon Allred, Jr. [Son of Theopl<br>1 M 5/10 [Abner]<br>1 M 15/20<br>1 M 20/30 [Daniel]<br>1 M 60/70 [Solomon] | nilus]<br>1 F 40/50<br>[smudged; it is difficult to discern younger females here]             |
| p. 9<br>Solomon Allred, Jr. [of Solomon, S<br>1 M 10/15<br>1 M 15/20 [Solomon m. Sarah]<br>1 M 50/60 [Solomon]   | r.]<br>1 F 10/15<br>1 F 15/20<br>4 F 20/30 [Melinda, Rebecca, Sarah]<br>1 F 50/60 [Anneritta] |
| William Allred [of Solomon, Sr.; to<br>3 M 10/15<br>2 M 15/20<br>1 M 50/60                                       | 2 F < 5<br>1 F 5/10<br>1 F 20/30<br>1 F 40/50   |
| p. 16<br>Charles M. Allred<br>1 M 15/20<br>1 M 30/40   | 1 F < 5<br>1 F 10/15<br>1 F 20/30   |
| p. 28<br>John Allred, Jr.<br>1 M < 5<br>1 M 20/30  | 1 F 20/30   |

| Bailey Allred<br>1 M < 5<br>3 M 5/10<br>1 M 15/20<br>1 M 30/40              | 1 F 30/40                         |
|---|-----------------------------------|
| p. 29<br>Jonathan Allred<br>2 M 5/10<br>1 M 15/20<br>1 M 40/50<br>1 M 60/70 | 1 F < 5<br>1 F 15/20<br>1 F 50/60 |
| p. 27<br>Thomas B. Allred<br>2 M < 5<br>1 M 20/30                           | 1 F < 5<br>1 F 30/40              |

26 Aug 1840 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book I:346) William Allred to William Looper, for \$100, two tracts both on the West Fork of Obed's River: (1) 30 acres adj. the Mountain and Solomon Allred, Sr.—the same tract granted by the State of Tennessee to William Allred (No. 2558; 12 Jun 1832) including where Allred now lives; (2) a tract on a bluff of the mountain including where Catherine Weeks now lives, granted by the State to William Allred (No. 3218), 24 May 1837 [acreage not given]. w/ Charles M. Allred, John (X) York.

26 Aug 1840 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book I:354) William Allred to William Looper, for \$200, the following tracts: (1) [unspecified acreage] on the West Fork of Obed's River and Sunk Cove, adj. Solomon Allred, Sr., deceased's 63-acre tract, William Allred's fence, Magnus Looper; (2) a tract where William Allred formerly resided, adj. the foot of the Mountain, the corner of an old field formerly occupied by John Allred, a small drain in the cliff, to include the improvement formerly occupied by William Allred, it being the same or part of the same that descended to the said William Allred by his father by division and to John and Solomon Allred, all heirs of Solomon Allred, bearing date 27 Sep 1837. w/ Charles M. Allred, John (X) Yourk.

16 Apr 1841 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book J:249) Robert Allred to Joseph G. Murphey, 35 acres adj. Solomon Allred's field, David Smith's 25-acre entry, the high water mark on the bank of the West Fork, William Bunch's survey, a conditional line between Robert Allred and Solomon Allred. Acknowledged.

6 Jul 1843—Solomon R. Allred issued 579 acres on the West Fork of Obed's River, as assignee of George Phillips (surveyed 23 Jan 1839), mentions a mountain, Pine Hollow, the end of Flyer Mountain, a cliff of rocks.

21 Sep 1843 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book J:280) Charles M. Allred and his wife Ann to Isaac Speck, for \$84, all their interest in a tract 51 ½ acres of land on the West Fork of Obed's River, adj. Benjamin Ray, John France, a survey formerly occupied by Isaac Carlock (now by B. Ray) at the foot of Cumberland Mountain. Acknowledged.

5 Aug 1844 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book J:388) John Allred of Fentress Co., TN to George Phillips of Overton Co., for \$125, 100 acres on the West Fork of Obed's River, at the foot of the Mountain, adj. a bluff. Acknowledged.

13 Feb 1847 (Overton Co., TN Deed Book K:278) Jonathan Allred to Abraham Conatzer, for \$50, 50 acres on the East Fork of Obed's River, adj. James Peck, Butters and Marchbanks Turnpike. w/ C. M. Allred, John Allred.

It would appear that it was mainly Solomon Allred, Jr.'s family and the sons of his brother Theophilus Allred, along with Rebecca Allred Stringfellow, who ended up in Overton Co., TN. The other siblings moved further south and west. From these limited records we can adduce the following children:

i. *male Allred* (b. 1766/1774) Eleazer Allred? Only one land grant has been found referring to him (see above). Presumably, he died young and without children, for no other trace of him has been located.

ii. *male Allred* (b. 1766/1774) John Allred (b. 1770/80 d. 1840/1850, Newton Co., AR?)<sup>14</sup> of Overton Co., TN. Presumably the individual who married Phoebe Thompson (b. c. 1785, NC) a few counties away in Grainger Co., TN on 5 Aug 1806. He lived for many years in Overton. He later ended up in Newton Co., Arkansas, apparently having followed the Bunch family to that place. There may have been kinship ties between the two families. Many of Solomon Allred, Sr.'s early interactions in Overton County were with the Bunches, his near neighbors. Among John's sons apparently were: Samuel Allred (1809-1857; of the 1830 census of Overton, above) m. Anna; Templeton Allred (b. c. 1811);
Solomon James Allred (1812-1846, Carroll Co., AR) m. Martha Weeks (daughter of Gamblin Weeks); Allen Allred (b. c. 1814) m. Mary M.; Jonathan W. Allred (1817-1895, Newton Co., AR) m. Susan A. McCollough; John J. Allred (1817-1908, Yavapai Co., AR) m. Ursula Morgan (he trailed the others from Overton to Newton Co., AR); Aaron E. Allred (1824-1891, Newton Co., AR).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> We know that John was one of the sons of Solomon because of a deed that refers to a land division in Overton Co. involving him and his brothers Solomon and William. He was the only John of an age in the county to be involved. Our knowledge of John's heirs is presumptive, however, based on geography and migration patterns and pre-1850 census entries. Newton County, though formed from Carroll County in 1842 has lost all of its early records due to an 1866 courthouse fire.

iii. *male Allred* (b. 1774/1787) William Allred (b. c. 1788, NC). He apparently sold his property in Overton per the deed sequence above around 1840 and moved his family to Reynolds County, MO, where he died.<sup>15</sup> He lived there very near several members of a Weeks family from his same neighborhood in Overton Co., TN, children of Gamaliel and Martha Weeks (Gideon, Jared, and Gamlin Weeks—a sheriff of the county). William's children probably included: Thomas B. Allred (?) (b. c. 1813, TN; d. prior to 1860, Madison Co., MO) m. Eliza B.; Mary Ann Allred (14 Nov 1815—7 Sep 1886, Overton Co., TN) m. Benjamin Norrod; Margaret Allred (2 Nov 1817—14 Nov 1877, Jefferson Co., IL) m. Joseph Newberry; Jonathan Allred (b. c. 1823); Rebecca Ann Allred (b. c. 1824 d. bef. 1870; to Johnson Co., AR) m. James Newberry, Joseph Looper; William C. Allred (b. c. 1826) m. Jane Reese (?); Sarah Allred (b. c. 1814) m. 14 Oct 1841 (Jefferson Co., IL) Brooks Boswell, to Reynolds Co., MO; Daniel Allred (b. c. 1829); Amanda Allred (b. c. 1833) m. Nathaniel Asberry; Nancy Allred (b. c. 1837); Martha J. Allred (28 Jan 1837—4 Apr 1874, Jefferson Co., IL) m. 12 Apr 1855 (Jefferson Co., MO), Alfred W. Deese.

iv. *male Allred* (b. 1774/1787) Solomon Allred, Jr. (b. c. 1778-1784 d. aft. 1860, Carroll Co., AR) of Overton Co., TN m. Anneritta (LNU). Appears in the 1850 census of Overton Co. He always lived very close to his father. His children probably included: John Allred (b. c. 1804, NC) m. Rhoda Adkinson (of Fentress Co., TN)<sup>16</sup>; Sarah Allred (b. c. 1814);
Melinda Allred (b. c. 1818) m. Elder Teague (of Carroll Co., AR); Rebecca Allred (b. c. 1819); Solomon A. Allred (1823-15 Sep 1887, Van Buren Co., AR) m. Sarah Jane Weeks (daughter of Gamblin Weeks). There was yet another son born between 1825 and 1830 who is unidentified.

v. *male Allred* (b. 1780/90) Could this be Robert Allred of the 1830 census of Overton (p. 204)? There were many younger males in his household. Could one of them have been Solomon R. Allred (b. c. 1809) m. Mary (to Carroll Co., AR)? Is the middle initial "R." really a reference to his father's name?

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Once again, we are the victims of record loss in this case. Reynolds County, Missouri records were largely destroyed in several courthouse fires from 1863 to 1872.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> The 1837 tax list puts this John Allred's 100 acres very close to his father and grandfather. He was known as "John Allred, Jr." to distinguish him from his uncle, John Allred, Sr.

v. *female Allred* (b. bef. 1787) Martha Allred (?) (b. c. 1775) m. Gamaliel Weeks. Her children appear to have been close associates of the Allreds and several of her sons accompanied William Allred to Reynolds Co., MO by 1850, where one of them became Sheriff. Also, this same William Allred allowed Catherine Weeks, probably of this family, to reside on his land in Overton County per a deed above.

vi. female Allred (b. bef. 1787)

v. *female Allred* (b. 1787/1790) Mary Allred m. Solomon Albertson (b. 31 Jan 1781, per his father Early Albertson's pension application). They were inhabitants of Overton Co., TN, then Fentress Co.. But according to most accounts, Mary Allred died young and Albertson took a second wife named Rachel before 1830. He died about 1845.

vi. Rachel Allred (b. c. 1795, NC—aft 1850, Overton Co., TN) m. Samuel Looper. Her inclusion in this family is clear through the involvement of her children in the estate of her aunt Rebecca (Allred) Stringfellow.

(4) Ellender or Eleanor Allred (d. 5 Sep 1817, Barnwell Dist., SC)<sup>17</sup> m. Sampson Sellers. I was first alerted to her potential connection due to three atDNA matches descended from her son Abel Sellers in the context of clusters which included numerous descendants of Phineas Allred and of the Overton County, TN Allreds. In tracing Abel Sellers, I found that, although he died in Coosa Co., AL, he had previously lived in Georgia and Barnwell District, SC, where Phineas Allred resettled. He was born in North Carolina. According to many family trees, he was the son of a John Sellers and wife Mary Allred. And in fact, this is a longstanding tradition in the Sellers family. It turns out that there is proof that Abel's parents were actually Sampson Sellers and his wife Ellender. And we believe that she is the Allred connection. Sampson Sellers definitely lived near the Solomon Allred family. In 1778, Jonathan Allred witnessed a deed of acquisition for

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Per the Uwharrie Roots article, Eli Stringfellow, a nephew of Henry Stringfellow, wrote from Barnwell District to Mary Chisholm in Montgomery Co. in December 1817 and revealed the death of Ellender Sellers. An image of the letter is embedded in the blog posting. The recipient of the letter was the niece of Malcolm Chisholm (m. Mary Sellers) through his brother named Daniel.

Sampson Sellers, his presumed brother-in-law for example. Sellers's land lay mostly in Montgomery County, NC, however, and his estate was settled there. In spite of Montgomery County's massive record destruction prior to 1843, a legal notice in the 20 Oct 1838 edition of the Salisbury Carolina Watchman from Fall Term 1838 of Montgomery County Equity Court reveals that his heirs were: Silas Sellers, Abel Sellers, Mary Chisholm, Nancy Sellers, John Sellers, William Sellers, James Sellers, Sampson Sellers, Augustus Santer and his wife Charlotte, Lee Blackman and his wife Sena and Samuel Stringfellow. All of these individuals aside from Mary Chisholm lived outside of Montgomery County and outside the state at that time. Sampson Sellers left a will per a prior legal notice regarding a caveat of that document contested at January Term 1828 of Montgomery Court of Pleas. Kenneth McLennan was his executor. The original will was probably lost in one of the Montgomery County courthouse fires. Only the legal notices remain. In 1828, Abel Sellers, Silas Sellers and Henry Stringfellow were the heirs that needed notice because they lived outside of state. I am extremely grateful for a blog posting on the Uwharrie Roots blog entitled, "Malcom Chisholm, son of Murdock" (posted 1 Nov 2020) for further detail about this family which helped clinch the connection. Thanks to Cynthia Morris-Gordon and Jimmy Chisholm for their excellent research. Here is a record sequence related to Sampson Sellers.

22 Sep 1778 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book B:14) Jacob and Mary Cockraham of Anson Co., NC to Sampson Sellers of same, 100 acres on the north side of Mountain Creek adj. Cockerham, Adams, the Long Branch, part of a tract granted by his Majesty to Cockerham, 4 Mar 1775. w/ Jonathan Allred, William McDaniel, Jonathan Tunner.

8 Dec 1783 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book B:13) William Ashley and wife Elizabeth to Sampson Sellers, for £40, 200 acres on the north side of Naked Creek, part of a tract granted by his Majesty 23 Jul 1774. w/ Benj. Baird, Micke Burd, Alexander McCay.

9 Dec 1783 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book B:21) William Ashley and wife Elizabeth to Sampson Sellers, 100 acres on Naked Creek adj. Ashley's upper line, a grant to Ashley 23 Jul 1774. w/ Micke Burd, Alexander McKay.

1787 State Census of North Carolina, Richmond Co. Sampson Sellers 1 M 21 to 60 4 F 2 M < 16 or > 60

Jan 1790 Richmond Co., NC Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions Minutes Ordered that the following persons be appointed to lay off a road, from Matthew Raiford ford on Little River the nearest and best way to the widow Kachea Bridge, to wit, Joseph Tarbutton, John Crouch,

Daniel McDaniel, Wm. McCaniel, Richd. Ussery, James Bostick, Thos. Jowers, James McKachea, John McKachea, Sampson Sellars, Solomon Alred, Jonathan Alred, John Ewen, Joseph Hines, Nath'l. Chairs Esqr., Robert Stringfellow, Henry Stringfellow & John Jenkins, and that they make report to the next court &c.

12 Feb 1790 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book B:432) Sampson Sellers and wife Eleanor to Alexander MacCoy, for £10, 100 acres on the east side of Naked Creek, part of a tract sold by William Ashley. w/ Absalom Hines, Mary (X) Sellers. Is the witness their daughter Mary who later married Malcolm Chisholm?

1790 Census of Richmond Co., NC, p. 177 Sampson Sellars 1 M > 16 3 F 3 M < 16

3 Jul 1794 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book C:318) Nathaniel Powell to Samson Sellars, for £60, 80 acres on Great Buffalo Creek, adj. William Burt's old tract, John Allred, a branch, the dividing line between Burt and Powell. w/ Joshua Harris, Solomon (X) Sproles.

30 Jun 1797 – 90 acres issued to Samson Sellers in Richmond County on a claim entered 30 Mar 1795. Adjoins his own land on the east side of Buffalo Creek, near his still house. Surveyed 23 Jan 1796. Chainers were Silas Sellers, Alexander McRae.

1798 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book E:218) Solomon Allred to Sherrod Harris, for £60, part of a tract granted Stephen Touchstone (14 May 1779) on Mountain Creek, 100 acres. w/ Roderick McLeod, John Aldred, Silas (X) Sellers. [Apparently, Sampson Sellers's son Silas was old enough at this time to witness a deed for his uncle Solomon Allred.]

1800 Census of Richmond Co., NC, p. 243 Sampson Sellers 1 M < 10 2 F 16/26 2 M 10/16 1 F 26/45 1 M > 45

20 Feb 1804 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book I:17) Sampson Sellars of Montgomery Co., NC to William Bostick of Richmond Co., for £48, 65 acres on the north side of Mountain Creek, part of 200 acres granted Jacob Cochran, adj. Adams, the Long Branch. Part of a grant to Cochran, 4 Mar 1775, who conveyed to Samson Sellers. w/ John Jenkins, Alexander McKinnon.

18 Dec 1804—500 acres issued to Samson Sellers in Montgomery Co. on Mountain Creek. Entered 5 Feb 1803. Surveyed 3 May 1804. Land was on the east side of the Creek, adj. John Baird. The chainers were Norman McLeod, Silas Sellars.

3 Nov 1807—35 acres issued to Samson Sellers in Montgomery Co. on Mountain Creek. Entered 5 Feb 1803. Land was surveyed 6 Mar 1807. It adjoined John Chisholm, Clark, Harris, Baird. The chainers were Samuel Blake and John Chisholm.

17 Aug 1816 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book M:216) Sampson Sellers of Montgomery Co., NC to James Cooper of Richmond Co., NC, for \$300, 170 acres on Big Buffalo, east side of the Creek, adj. Burt's old line, Solomon Sprolls, a small branch. w/ Brittain Chappell, Samuel Crouch.

His children appear to have been:

(a) Mary Sellers (b. c. 1772 d. 17 Jun 1850, Montgomery Co., NC) m. Malcolm Chisholm. Mother to: Daniel Chisholm (1795-27 May 1849, Montgomery Co., NC) m. 8 Mar 1821, Mary Allred<sup>18</sup> (1797-1858, Montgomery Co., NC); John Chisholm (1790/1800—1835, Amite Co., MS) m. 12 Mar 1816 (Amite Co., MS), Elizabeth Burt.<sup>19</sup>
(b) Silas Sellers (c. 1775 – aft. 1860, Jasper Co., GA) m. Rachel (b. c. 1789), perhaps not his first wife. Surely, this is the Silas Sellers listed in the 1800 census of Richmond County. He is 26 to 45 years of age, has two girls under 10 years old and one girl between 10 and 15 years old. There appears to be no wife in his household. He may have moved to Jasper Co., GA, but the evidence is not entirely clear. There were also a Silas Sellers in Dickson Co., TN by 1801 and Amite Co., MS by 1814. This latter individual is not the same person later resident in Louisiana, who was born in the 1790s. However, the Silas Sellers of Jasper Co. did have a daughter named Eleanor or Ellender (b. c. 1818) who married Jesse

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Interestingly, this Mary Allred was the daughter of Joseph Allred (son of John Allred, d. 1792) and his wife Rachel Allred (daughter of James Allred) of Randolph Co., NC. Her brother John Allred (m. Amelia Armstrong) also moved to this area about the time of her marriage, the date of which is taken from a Chisholm family record. Their maternal grandfather had moved to the Pee Dee region between 1800 and 1810, and they definitely had kin through his family in the region at the time. I believe it is possible that their maternal grandmother (the wife of James Allred) was a daughter of Solomon Allred, hence their maternal grandfather's relocation to the area where his possible father-in-law/uncle (James was the son of Solomon's brother Thomas) and his brothers-in-law lived. In any case, through Eleanor Allred Sellers, Daniel Chisholm and Mary Allred were kin, possibly by several different pathways on Mary's side.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> In a paper she wrote about Joseph and Rachel Allred which was linked to my piece on Rachel, "No Leaf Unturned," on the MyAllredFamily.com website, Dawnell Griffin had occasion to speak of this John Chisholm. She stated that he moved to Amite Co., MS and married there to Elizabeth Burt (b. c. 1802, GA), daughter of John Burt who was brother-in-law to Jonathan Allred. I agree. There is a record of his marrying Elizabeth Burt in Amite Co. on 12 Mar 1816. According to the 1830 census of Amite, he was born in the 1790s, which is credible. He died in about 1835. His estate records are numerous and informative. He enslaved 13 individuals at his death. He also owed Ezra Allred, son of John Allred of Amite County \$5 when he died. Given that they were cousins, that is not too astonishing. His widow Elizabeth remarried to Micajah Andrews on 28 Jul 1836. Their children were: Daniel Chisholm (b. c. 1821) m. 12 Jan 1849 (Franklin Co., MS) Elizabeth Nettles; Calvin Chisholm (c. 1821-27 Feb 1893, Lincoln Co., MS) m. 21 Aug 1844 (Amite Co., MS), Harriet W. Andrews (1824-1892); William Chisholm (b. c. 1821) m. 20 Dec 1841 (Amite Co., MS) Raney Elizabeth Aldred (d/o John Allred and Isabella Burt, of Jonathan); Mary Ann Chisholm (b. c. 1817) m. 26 Mar 1835 (Amite Co., MS); Ezekiel Allred (1816-1884, Lincoln Co., MS; of Ezra Allred of Phineas); Martha Jane Chisholm m. 19 Dec 1844 (Amite Co., MS), D. Nettles. In her will of 1850, their paternal grandmother Mary (Sellers) Chisholm, back in Montgomery Co., NC, makes this reference to them: "I will and desire that the heirs of my beloved son John Chisholm shall have one hundred dollars to be Equally divided between them if they shall call for it within two years...." The cousin marriages in this family are Allred-typical in this line as well as typical of Highland Scots clans like the Chisholms. See Amite Co., MS Probate Book 7:157-158, 162-163, 240, 269, 300, 315, 352-353, 395, 404, 405, 481-483 for details about this family.

Benton in Butts Co., GA in 1845 (per her application for a War of 1812 pension based on his service). She lived next to her father in 1860 as a widow. It seems reasonable that she was named for her paternal grandmother. Many of Silas's children later ended up in Newton Co., GA.

(c) Abel Sellers (5 Oct 1783—25 Jul 1870, Coosa Co., AL; bur. Pine Grove Cemetery) m. 2 Mar 1809 (Barnwell Dist., SC), Esther Wall (1783-1870). He was a veteran of the War of 1812 who received a pension for his efforts. He lived in Barnwell Dist., SC and Newton Co., GA, next to Silas Sellers's home county of Jasper, before he came to Alabama.
(d) Nancy Sellers (b. c. 1810).

(e) John Sellers (d. bef. 1832, Barnwell Dist., SC) m. Whitty (b. c. 1790). A John Sellers appears in the 1810 census of Barnwell District. He and wife are both 16 to 26. They have one daughter under 10 (was this the Nancy Sellers, b. c. 1810, of later censuses?). Had three children: John Sellers (b. c. 1810), Sampson Sellers (b. c. 1823), James Sellers (b. c. 1819) m. Milly. Hardy Deer was appointed guardian to these children in Barnwell District in light of their grandfather's estate being settled in North Carolina in 1832. See the relevant Barnwell estate—Bundle 57, Packet 8.

(f) William Sellers.

(g) dau. Sellers m. Henry Stringfellow (son of William Stringfellow who married Rebecca Allred, but he is not Rebecca's child). This daughter died young. They were the parents of: Charlotte Stringfellow m. 26 Dec 1821 (Richmond Co., GA) Augustus Santer; Sena Stringfellow (b. c. 1800) m. Levi "Lee" Blackman; Samuel Stringfellow (b. 1800/1810; present in the 1830 census of Barnwell Dist., SC). She predeceased her husband and was not his only wife.

(5) John Allred (d. bef. 1788, NC) m. Mary. He is a somewhat nebulous figure, but definitely associated with Solomon Allred. He witnessed and proved Solomon's acquisition of land in Anson County from the Stringfellows in 1774. In 1775, he proved another deed from Neill Brown to Daniel McDuffie for land on Mountain Creek. His presumed father Solomon was also a witness to this deed. (See above.) It is evident that he owned land. One of his tracts was the 200-acre grant issued 24 May 1773 in Anson County, NC on the northeast side of the Pee Dee on the east side of Mountain Creek. Another 300-acre grant was issued to him on 4 Mar 1775 in Anson

(entered 22 Jul 1774) on the waters of Buffalo Creek.<sup>20</sup> This latter grant is the tract that was later seized. The land was lost in connection with a suit brought against him by his own likely brother Jonathan Allred at Richmond County Court in April of 1788 to pay the thirty-pound judgment that Jonathan Allred won against him.<sup>21</sup> Jonathan Allred then purchased his land at auction.

10 Mar 1790 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book B:456) William Wall Shff to Jonathan Allred, based on an execution obtained by Jonathan Allred against John Allred, for £30—from the estate of John Allred, sold a tract on Big Buffalo Creek of 300 acres on 22 Aug 1788, and Jonathan Allred became the highest bidder adj. Stephen Touchstone's 500-acre tract, Luke Robinson. It was a grant to John Allred. Sold for £33.12.3. w/ George Swink, Benjamin Long.

The reference to the "estate of John Allred" leaves some room for interpretation. Does this imply that John Allred had died? It could have that implication or it could merely indicate that the land seized belonged to John—i.e. was part of his holdings or estate. However, if he did die, is it possible that I have been mistaken in believing that Mary Aldred of the 1790 Montgomery Co., NC census was Mary, widow of Solomon Allred? What if this Mary was actually John's widow. She had only two younger men living with her, both under sixteen years of age, and we know from later records that two Allred males continued to live in Montgomery, even though references to them are quite sparce due to the repeated destruction of the courthouse up to 1843. Their names were John Allred and William Allred, and they are known to be brothers from a later deed in 1838 (Montgomery Deed Book 14:262). My belief is that for a time they moved on to neighboring parts of Anson County. A John Aldred appears in the 1800 census of Anson in the vicinity of the Rushings, Huntleys and Gaddys. He is 26/45 with a wife 16/26, a female under 10 and a male 10 to 16. The male aged 10 to 16 could be his brother William. They later returned to Montgomery where each of them died before 1850.

Further research has proven this connection. In 1838, John Allred, rocklayer, of Montgomery Co. made a quitclaim (Deed Book 14:262) to a tract his "brother" William Allred,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> The shucks for these land grants survive, but the original warrant and survey within do not. The 300-acre grant was on Buffalo Creek of Little River adjacent Stephen Touchstone, Luke Robinson per North Carolina Patent Book 25:194.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Jonathan Allred filed a signed claim against his brother John, specifying that £10 of the debt related to a mare sold to him in 1779, and the remaining £20 arose from work done on behalf of John at that time and since. It was dated 8 Jan 1788 and was filed before Nathaniel Chaires as witness. It is to be found in civil action papers from Richmond County at the North Carolina State Archives, in the second file marked 1788.

by that time deceased, had made for 200 acres to Daniel Monroe. The text of the deed suggests that the two owned the land together. No further indication is given in this particular instrument as to even the general location of the land. A subsequent search was made for any land this Daniel Monroe subsequently sold. Only a deed for a small parcel of 50 acres was found, apparently irrelevant to this Allred transaction.

Monroe died about 1848 and left an estate file. At the time of his death, it was said he owned about 700 acres on Mountain Creek. The heirs petitioned the court to sell the property. The court's agent James L. Gaines did report sale to Murdock B. McRae, a merchant, and son-in-law of Daniel Monroe (date of sale given as 12 Oct 1850). No deed of acquisition was recorded for this property, but in 1859, Murdock B. McRae sold the entire Daniel Monroe estate to John P. Emerson (whose mother was a daughter of James Allred) preparatory to removing northward to Guilford County (Montgomery Co., NC Deed Book 19:416). The 1859 deed mentions a corner of John Allred's 1773 grant for 200 acres. But it is also instructive to compare the 200-acre Allred tract's metes and bounds with the boundaries of the entire Monroe estate in 1859 (697 acres). Here is the 1773 description (N.C. Patent Book 22:277):

3077—John Alred 200 acres Anson On the No. Et. side of P.D. river beginning at a small Spanish oak on the Et. side of Mountain Creek & runs thence So 28 wt 179 poles to a White Oake thence No. 62 Wt 179 poles to a Stake among 3 small black oaks pointers, thence No 28 Et 179 poles then So 62 Et 179 poles to the beginning. [Apparently, virtually a square.]

Here is the 1859 description of the larger Monroe tract incorporating the John Allred, Sr. lands (the crucial portion is underlined).

...being in the County of Montgomery and state aforesaid on the waters of Mountain Creek Dry Creek and Silver Run Bounded as follows, Beginning at a dead White Oak on the Bank of Silver Run Among pointers the second corner of a hundred acre survey, granted by patent to Dan'e McAskill and runs as it runs thirty three East seventeen chains and fifty links to a white oak the beginning corner of the same, Thence North thirty three East thirty eight chains (88) to the fourth corner of forty acres survey granted to the said Danl McAskills thence as it runs South seventy East fourteen chains to the 3<sup>rd</sup> corner—thence North thirty three East thirty chains to the second corner Thence North seventy five West fourteen chains to the Beginning corner stake among pointers formerly a blackjack by two black jacks Thence North fifty seven West forty eight chains and seventy five links to a white oak beginning Harrington's three hundred and twenty nine acres thence South thirty three West fifteen chains to the fourth corner of the one hundred acres granted by patent to John Allred Thence North Sixty two West one hundred and seventy nine poles Thence South 62 East one hundred and seventy nine poles Thence south 62 East one hundred seventy nine poles—Thence South 62 East one hundred seventy nine poles to the second corner

eight West seventy three chains to the third corner of the 100 acres Thence South fifty seven East fifty chains to the first station or Beginning corner Containing six hundred and ninety two acres more or less....

We can easily fill in the gaps. John Allred died before 1790 leaving 500 acres and a debt to his brother Jonathan that required selling his 300-acre tract. The 200-acre tract, however, was his homeplace, since it was acquired first. It remained in the possession of his sons jointly, and his widow, likely named Mary. Mary is in the 1790 Montgomery Co. census with her sons. She is probably the older woman living with William Allred in the 1830 census. But in subsequent years, Mary died, her life estate ended, and William sold the land to Daniel Monroe, or at least, his portion of the property. Due to courthouse fires, this deed is lost. William Allred then died. His brother John Allred, Jr. followed by releasing his portion to Daniel Monroe in a quitclaim deed in 1838. This property eventually ended up in the hands of Murdock B. McRae (1850). But the children of John Allred, Jr. and William Allred continued to live in the vicinity for some years afterward. Duncan Allred (son of John, Jr.) even acquired land in the same neighborhood himself and had various transactions with the Monroes and with M. B. McRae.

i. John Allred (b. 1770/1780?—d. 1840/50, Montgomery Co., NC) m. Jane or Jeanette ----(b. c. 1810—d. aft 1880, Ocala, Marion Co., FL). John Allred and his brother William Allred were in the Pee Dee section quite early. In the 1800 census, a John Aldred appears in the census of Anson County, aged 26 to 45 with a male 10 to 16 years old (possibly brother William), a female under 10 (oldest child) and a female 16 to 26 years old (first wife). There are no land transactions for this individual in Anson County, and I believe he may have come back to Richmond County in succeeding years. It may have been this John and his brother William Allred who acted as chain bearers for Stephen Williams's (m. Delilah Allred of James) grant for 100 acres adjoining Stephen Touchstone on Mountain Creek, 19 Oct 1803. By that time, James Allred was also present in the region. Jane Allred, who may have been the second wife of John Allred, was among those called to give testimony in the case of the Armstrong heirs vs. Elizabeth (Allred) Armstrong, widow of James Armstrong and another daughter of James Allred, with the design of overturning Armstrong's will.

19 Oct 1803—Stephen Williams surveyed 100 acres on Mountain Creek in Montgomery Co., NC adj. McDuffee and Stephen Touchstone. The brothers John Allred and William Allred were his chain bearers. [Stephen Williams was married to Delilah Allred, daughter of James Allred]

1830 Census of Montgomery Co., NC [Adjacent William Allred, p. 63] John Allred 1 M 40 to 50 1F<5

1 F 5 to 10 1 F 30 to 40 1 F 70 to 80 [Could this be John Allred Sr.'s widow?]

13 Jan 1838 (Montgomery Co., NC Deed Book 14/262) John (X) Aldred of Montgomery Co., NC, rocklayer, and brother to William Aldred of said county, now deceased, quitclaim all right and title to a parcel of 200 acres<sup>22</sup> deeded by William Allred to Daniel Monroe. w/ K. McLennan, Duncan Monroe.

| 1840 Census of Montgomery Co., | NC, East Side of the Pee Dee, p. 232 |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| John Aldred                    | _                                    |
| 1 M 10 to 15                   | 1 F 10 to 15                         |
| 1 M 60 to 70                   | 1 F 30 to 40                         |

1849/1850 -- An inventory of the assets of the estate of James Armstrong, Sr. included an old book account on "John Allred, Sen," and notes on C. J. Allred, and Duncan Allred. (See James Armstrong estate file (1850) in Richmond Co., NC records at the NC State Archives or on FamilySearch.)

| 1850 Census of | Montgomery Co., NC |    |          |    |
|----------------|--------------------|----|----------|----|
| 223/225        | Jane Aldred        | 48 | \$200 RE | NC |
|                | Élizabeth          | 27 |          |    |
|                | Duncan             | 25 | laborer  |    |
|                | Calvin             | 21 | tailor   |    |
|                | Christian          | 18 |          |    |
|                | William L. Johnson | 15 | laborer  |    |
| [prior page]   | 0                  |    |          |    |
| 214/216        | Sarah Blake        | 60 |          |    |
|                | Catherine Allred   | 22 |          |    |

1850 Census of Richmond Co., NC, Fairground Dist., p. 307B

William

Mary J.

**C** - -

| 857/858       | Norman Gillis             | 35                 | farmer \$100 RE   |
|---------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
|               | Margaret                  | 30                 |                   |
|               | Anne                      | 10                 |                   |
|               | William                   | 6                  |                   |
|               | Mary                      | 3                  |                   |
|               | John                      | 1                  |                   |
|               | Daniel                    | 1                  |                   |
| 1860 Census o | of Steele's Dist, Richmon | nd Co., NC, p. 340 | (Bostick's Mills) |
| 127/127       | Norman Gillis             | 46                 | farmer \$100/\$50 |
|               | Margaret                  | 43                 |                   |
|               | Dorothy A.                | 17                 |                   |

15 12

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Is this the 200 acres that remained to John Allred after 300 was attached by Jonathan Allred for debt? If so, it was joint property of the two brothers after their mother's decease. John Allred had two land grants and the remaining one may have lain partly at least in Montgomery County.

Daniel9Bethune7 MJohn3 (b. c. 1854 d. 10 Apr 1928, Ellerbe, NC; Death cert.gives parents as Norman Gillis and Margaret Allred.)

John Allred, Sr. and Jane (possibly Monroe or McLennan) were likely the parents of:

(a) Margaret Allred (b. c. 1820) m. c. 1839, Norman Gillis (b. c. 1815). Children: Dorothy Anne Gillis (b. c. 1840); William Gillis (b. c. 1845); Mary J. Gillis (b. c. 1847); John Gillis (b. c. 1849, must have died in infancy); Daniel Gillis (b. c. 1849); Bethune Gillis (b. c. 1853); John Gillis (b. c. 1857, d. 10 Apr 1928, Ellerbe, NC). (b) Elizabeth Allred (b. c. 1823). She appears not to have married. She moved with her mother and brother Duncan to Ocala, Marion Co., FL by 1860. (c) Duncan M. Allred (b. c. 1825–19 Jun 1864, Richmond, VA). He is listed as owning 76 acres on Mountain Creek in the Montgomery County tax lists of 1843 and 1844. He and his brother Calvin J. worked on maintaining the road from Chisholm's old store to Mountain Creek in 1844 and 1845. He was among those indebted to his presumed uncle-by-marriage James Armstrong's estate in 1849/1850. He obtained a land grant for 100 acres on both sides of Mountain Creek in 1852 adjoining Roderick McLennan and Murdoch B. McRae (Alexander McLennan and James Davis, chainers). In 1853, he was indebted to Roderick McLennan and Daniel Monroe and had to mortgage his property (W. McLennan, witness). Later in that year, he sold a total of 180 acres to Murdock B. McRae and moved to Ocala, Marion Co., FL, by 1860 with his mother and sister. He acquired over 300 acres of land there and part of a steam mill. Joined 9th FL Inf, Co. K in 1863. Was promoted corporal, then demoted. Died of wounds in a Richmond hospital. His estate was administered by his brother Calvin J. Allred. There are deeds, which I have yet to examine by which C. J. Allred and E. W. Allred [Elizabeth?] conveyed Duncan's land to Hiram Alderman (Marion Co., FL Deed Book H:113-114, 114-115).

(d) **Catherine Allred** (b. c. 1828 d. aft 1900) was caretaker or housekeeper for two elderly women in 1850 (Sarah Blake) and 1860 (Margaret McLennan, widow of Roderick) Montgomery Co. Her claims against Margaret's estate are

mentioned in that lady's final settlement. She also sued the estate of John B. Gillis of Richmond County in the 1880s. This was probably the father of her brother-inlaw John Gillis. Never married. Was living with her nephew William Gillis in 1900, Mineral Springs Twp, Richmond Co., NC.

(e) Calvin John Allred (4 Aug 1829-3 Sep 1900) m. (1) Marion Co., SC (?) c. 1853, Julia A. Townsend, (2) 17 Feb 1869 (Cumberland Co., NC) Mary McPherson (8 May 1843-19 Jun 1900), daughter of Neill and Martha McPherson. His parents are identified on his Cumberland Co., NC marriage license. He was among those listed as indebted to his presumed uncle-by-marriage James Armstrong's estate in 1849/1850. He was in a mercantile partnership with a Mr. Monroe in Harlleesville, SC, which went belly-up in the mid 1850s. By 1860, Calvin was still living Marion County and was described as a jeweler. He then moved to Cumberland Co. during the Civil War and was said to have helped manage the Arsenal there. Subsequently, he joined his mother and other siblings in Marion Co., FL. There was an old Allred Hotel in Ocala which it is possible he helped found or manage. Later C. J. Allred was a dentist. He and his wife are buried at Evergreen Cemetery in Ocala, Marion Co., FL. Parents of: Walter M. Allred (b. c. 1855); Julia S. Allred (b. c. 1861); Henry M. Allred (b. c. 1866); Neill McPherson Allred, an attorney, (b. c. 1869) m. 1899 Nellie Hubbard; Martha Jeanette "Mattie" Allred (b. c. 1872) m. 1900, William Wallace Haynes; May Allred (b. c. 1874); Duncan Marion Allred (b. c. 1877); Lillias Brown Allred (b. c. 1879) m. 1900, Gabriel Toombs Palmer; John C. Allred (b. c. 1882). (f) Christian Allred (b. c. 1832)

ii. William Allred (c. 1780/90?--c. 1837/1838, Montgomery Co., NC). m. Mary ----.Acted along with brother John in 1803 as a chain bearer on one of Stephen Williams's (m. Delilah Allred of James) land grants.

1830 Census of Montgomery Co., NC [Adj. John Allred, p. 63] William Allred 1 M <5 1 F <5 1 M 40 to 50 1 F 5 to 10 2 F 10 to 15 1 F 40 to 50

1831—The estate file of Stephen Williams of Richmond Co., NC shows a note due the estate from William Allred for \$2.03. I believe Delilah Williams, Stephen's wife, was a cousin.

13 Jan 1838 (Montgomery Co., NC Deed Book 14/262) John (X) Aldred of Montgomery Co., NC, rocklayer, and brother to William Aldred of said county, now deceased, quitclaim all right and title to a parcel of 200 acres deeded by William Allred to Daniel Monroe. w/ K. McLennan, Duncan Monroe.

1840 Census of Richmond Co., NC, p. 241 Mary Aldred 1 M < 5 1 F 10 to 15 1 M 10 to 15 2 F 15 to 20 2 F 20 to 30 1 F 40 to 50

Likely children (among unknown others):

(a) Christian Allred (b. c. 1820). She was not the wife of Kenneth C. Chisholm, as Joe McLaurin once claimed. Kenneth's wife was a McLennan and he was already married to her by 1850.

(b) Martin James Allred (b. c. 1828--3 Dec 1864, Pt. Lookout, MD), m. c. 1849, Mary Ann Newby (16 Aug 1831--1902, High Point, N.C.). Martin is identified as a cobbler in the 1850 census of Richmond Co., NC. He received a 100-acre land grant on Rocky Fork and the south side of the Schoolhouse Branch in Richmond Co. in 1852 as "M. James Allred." He died of disease while part of Co. I, 13th Regt. NC Troops, C.S.A. After his death, his family moved first to Davidson Co., NC, and from thence to High Point, where son John J. Allred became one of the city's first grocers. Children: Susan Jeanetta Allred (18 May 1851--6 Jan 1908) m. 6 Nov 1870, Joseph Felix Blair (9 Dec 1839--16 Jun 1916); John James Allred (6 Oct 1853--21 Mar 1933, Buncombe Co., N.C.); Nathaniel Emerson Allred (7 Nov 1855--31 Jan 1947, High Point, N.C.) m. Mary Rigler (1855-1933); William McKindred "Mac" Allred (1 Sep 1858--29 Jul 1942, High Point, N. C.) m. Josephine Dillard; Henry T. Allred (1861-1905, Greensboro, N.C.) m. Emma Thompson.

Rachel Tolbert (b. c. 1805), widow of John Tolbert, may be associated with this family. Christian Allred lived with Rachel's son Joseph or Josiah Tolbert in both 1850 and 1860. Martin Allred actually appears twice in the 1850 census, once in his own household, and

a second time in the household of Rachel Tolbert's son John. Josiah Tolbert's wife Sarah (b. c. 1823) could also be the connection. Two of the older children of Josiah and Sarah were named William and John Tolbert.

(6) ? daughter Allred m. James Allred (d. aft. 1810, Randolph Co., NC). James Allred was the son of one of the original North Carolina progenitors, Thomas Allred—a brother to the original Solomon Allred of this study. Interestingly, James removed from Randolph County, NC to the same area of Richmond County, then to Montgomery County as his uncle Solomon had around 1800, as per these records.

11 Apr 1801 (Randolph Co., NC Deed Book 9:366) James Allred to Jabez York, 116 acres on Mt. Pleasant Creek, part of a tract James acquired from Thomas Allred, who had purchased it from John Allred, the original grantee (1756) via Granville. w/ Jeremiah York.

19 May 1801 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book F:231) Moses Grantham of Richmond Co., NC to James Allred of Randolph Co., NC 275 acres between Great Pee Dee and Great Buffalo Creek of Little River adj. William Pelham, John McHenry and McPherson, part of a tract originally granted Ezra Bostick by the King in 1770. w/ Thomas Bostick, James Bostick.

10 Dec 1804 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book H:16) James Allred of Montgomery County, NC to James Bostick of Richmond Co., 137 acres of the aforementioned tract adj. William Pelham, John Ussery and Chunn McPherson.

James Allred then seems to have returned to Randolph County by 1810, for he cannot be traced further in the records of Richmond and Montgomery counties aside from some potential appearances as a chain bearer on certain land grants in Montgomery County. But some of his children did remain in the Pee Dee region. I suspect he followed his uncle south to the Pee Dee because he had married his cousin, one of Solomon's daughters, prior to Solomon's removal southward into Anson County. I feel bolstered in this idea because atDNA kits for my paternal uncle, father and paternal aunt all show three DNA clusters related to Allred. One is dominated by descendants of John Allred (d. 1792), chiefly through his daughters who went to Tennessee. Another is dominated by descendants of Thomas Allred (chiefly through his son William, ancestor of the Utah branch of the family). But a third cluster includes numerous descendants of Solomon Allred and of the Tobias Long family. The most prominent lines of descent in this cluster of matches are through John Allred m. Phoebe Thompson (son of Solomon Allred, Jr.), through John Allred of Amite Co., MS (son of Jonathan Allred), through William Allred of

Reynolds Co., MO (son of Solomon, Jr.), and through Rachel Allred Looper (of Overton Co., TN, daughter of Solomon Allred, Jr.). My father and his siblings are descended on their paternal side from a marriage of cousins, the union of Joseph Allred (son of John Allred, d. 1792, probably by his second wife, a member of the Julian family) with Rachel Allred, daughter of James Allred and his wife. Joseph and Rachel were second cousins for sure because Joseph Allred's paternal grandmother was a sister of Rachel Allred's paternal grandfather Thomas Allred. But I think it is likely that Rachel's maternal grandfather was another sibling to John Allred's mother and Thomas Allred, namely Solomon Allred of this study. In that case, Rachel would have been a double-second-cousin to her husband Joseph with added Long-family relationship as well. There were numerous cases of physical and mental impairment among the immediate descendants of Joseph and Rachel (Allred) Allred, probably because of these ties, but far more individuals who were quite normal.

For further information concerning the descendants of James Allred, who have been very much obscured over the years because of their unusual migration patterns and sojourns in counties with lost records, see my additional paper—"No Leaf Unturned: Revised and Revisited: Further Evidence as to the Ancestry of Rachel Allred (1773-1856), Wife of Joseph Allred of Randolph County, North Carolina."

The children of James Allred and his wife posited in that article were: **Rachel Allred** (c. 1773-3 Mar 1856, Randolph Co., NC) m. Joseph Allred (15 Sep 1772-27 Feb 1856); **Martha Allred** (28 May 1776-12 Aug 1846, Henry Co., IN) m. Joab Raines; **Margaret Allred** (11 May 1778-18 Mar 1855, Wayne Co., IN) m. Thomas Allred; **Delilah Allred** (2 Jan 1780—9 Nov 1861, LA) m. Stephen Williams (1774-1830, Montgomery Co., NC); **James Allred** (c. 1784—Nov 1863, Marion Co., IN) m. 6 Nov 1801 (Richmond Co., NC) Anne Grantham; **Eve Allred** (3 Apr 1788—13 May 1847, Darke Co., OH) m. 2 Jun 1807 (Butler Co., OH) James Emerson; **Elizabeth Allred** (c. 1790—aft. 1870, Morgan Co., IN) m. Allen Harbert; **Isaac Allred** (c. 1793--28 Sep 1834, buried along Big Miami River, Hamilton Co., OH) m. 26 Sep 1815 (Butler Co., OH), Lucy Emerson (1797--25 Jul 1862, Butler Co., OH). James Allred, Jr., Delilah Allred Williams, Elizabeth Allred Armstrong, and Mary Allred Harbert were all married in Richmond Co.

(7) ? son Allred m. Elizabeth "Betty" Allred, perhaps a daughter of William Allred? Elizabeth or Betty Allred appears on both the 1790 and 1800 censuses of Randolph County. She had a son named Solomon Allred, and her family had long-standing associations with the William Allred, Sr. family. It would appear she was a widow, probably becoming one during the period of the Revolutionary War. Some of her children have been mistaken for children of the original Solomon. But they were decidedly not his children. They were of an age to be his grandchildren. On one occasion, I was privileged to examine the autosomal DNA matches of one of Betty's descendants from a Blount County, Alabama branch. In my opinion, that individual was closely related to both the Solomon line and the William Allred line, per her separate, relevant Allred clusters. My suspicion is that either Elizabeth Allred or her husband, whose name remains uncertain due to his early death, was a child of this Solomon, and that the other partner in the marriage may have been a child of the original William Allred. This would have been one of two first-cousin marriages I suspect in this family. For her descendants in detail, see my associated paper, "The Mystery of Betty Allred."

(8) Jonathan Allred (b. 1755/60 d. c. 1822, Clarke Co., GA) m. Margaret Burt (b. 1760/70 d. aft. 1835, Newton Co., GA). While in Richmond County, NC he was strongly associated with Isabella, wife of William Burt of Richmond Co., NC, in the year 1789 (see below), his mother-in-law. Jonathan was a frequent pick for petit juror in Richmond County through the 1780s into the early 1790s. He also appears in the following record sequence.

22 Sep 1778 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book B:14) Jonathan Allred witnesses a deed from Jacob and Mary Cockraham to Sampson Sellers for land on Mountain Creek. William McDaniel and Jonathan Tunner or Tunnen were co-witnesses.

1787 State Census of Richmond Co., NC Jonathan Allred 1 M 21 to 60 years old 4 F

#### July 1789—Richmond Co., NC Court of Pleas

A power of attorney from Isbel Burt to Jonathan Alred acknowledged in open court by the said Isbel Burt. The original document was not found in the deeds of the county. Isabel was the widow of William Burt who died about 1782. This instrument is actually found in William Burt's estate file, dated 1 Jun 1789. In it she made her "trusty and loving friend" Jonathan Allred her attorney to represent her claim in Virginia for

Negroes stolen from William Burt's estate. John Burt was the witness. John Burt married Elizabeth Bostick with Ezra Bostick bondsman about 10 Dec. 1783.<sup>23</sup>

Oct Term 1789, Richmond Co., NC Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions Ordered that Jonathan Alred be overseer in conjunction with the Montgomery County's hands, from Isaac Armstrongs to McClains and that Solomon Alred, John Ewen, Mr. Haskins's hands, John Gillis, Henry and Robert Stringfellow, Solomon Sprawls, John Jenkins, Duncan McInnis, Phoenias Alread, Samuel Boykin work there on &cc.

Jan 1790 Richmond Co., NC Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions Minutes Ordered that the following persons be appointed to lay off of a road, from Matthew Raiford ford on Little River the nearest and best way to the widow Kachea Bridge, to wit, Joseph Tarbutton, John Crouch, Daniel McDaniel, Wm. McCaniel, Richd. Ussery, James Bostick, Thos. Jowers, James McKachea, John McKachea, Sampson Sellars, Solomon Alred, Jonathan Alred, John Ewen, Joseph Hines, Nath'l. Chairs Esqr., Robert Stringfellow, Henry Stringfellow & John Jenkins, and that they make report to the next court &c.

1790 Census of Richmond Co., NC Jonathan Allred 1 M < 16 or under 60 1 M 16/26 [8?] F

10 Mar 1790 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book B:456) William Wall Shff to Jonathan Allred, based on an execution obtained by Jonathan Allred against John Allred, for £30—from the estate of John Allred, sold a tract on Big Buffalo Creek of 300 acres on 22 Aug 1788, and Jonathan Allred became the highest bidder adj. Stephen Touchstone's 500-acre tract, Luke Robinson. It was a grant to John Allred. For £33.12.3. w/ George Swink, Benjamin Long.

10 Jan 1798 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book C:775) Jonathan Allred to Phoenis Allred, for £50, a tract granted to John Allred for £50, between Buffalo and Mountain Creek adj. the dividing line between John and Jonathan Allred, 50 acres. w/ James T. Sandford, John (X) Ewin, Nathaniel (X) Elkins.

1800 Census of Richmond Co., NC, p. 249 Jonathan Allred 1 M 10/16 3 F < 10 1 M 26/45 2 F 10/16 1 F 16/26

25 May 1801 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book G:54) Jonathan and Phineas Allred to Hubbard Williams, Sr., for £45, 150 acres on Buffalo Creek adj. Jonathan Allred near Skinner's corner, and Phineas Allred. w/ John Skinner, James Skinner.

Jonathan Allen &

Figure 2: Jonathan Allred and Rebecca Stringfellow's signatures from petition to sell certain goods belonging to William Stringfellow from his estate packet in Barnwell Dist., SC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> See Myrtle N. Bridges, *Estate Records, 1772-1933: Richmond County, North Carolina, Vol. I (Adams-Harbert)* (Franklin, N.C.: Genealogical Publishing Service, 2001), 156.

21 Mar 1804 (Barnwell Co., SC Deed Book B:131) Lovick Pierce to Jonathan Allred for \$500, part of 657 acres on Tinker's Creek, granted to Pierce, 2 Sep 1793. In actual fact, 400 acres adj. David Foster, granted to George Carter on Booth's Branch. w/ James Skinner<sup>24</sup>, Lewis Weathersbee.

21 Mar 1804 (Barnwell Co., SC Deed Book B:122) Lewis Weathersbee to Jonathan Allred for \$25, 23 acres of 400 acres granted to George Carter on Booths Branch of Tinker's Creek adj. Lovick Pierce. w/ James Skinner, John Allred.<sup>25</sup>

1805—In the estate of Andrew Bates in Barnwell Co., SC by Richard Bates, administrator—Jonathan Allred is shown to be indebted in the sum of \$2.75 with one Edward [last name uncertain—Clenold?]

8 Mar 1809 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book L:219) Jonathan Allred of Barnwell Dist., SC to Stephen Williams of Richmond Co., NC, for \$500, 200 acres on the west side of Big Mountain Creek adj. Isaac Ewing, Luke Robinson, Hubbard Williams "near the old lick on the road above the plantation, an old lane between Ewin and Alred. w/ Isaac Ewin, John Harris.

17 May 1809 (South Carolina Land Grants) 75 acres surveyed for Jonathan Alred on Tinker's Creek in Barnwell Co., SC adj. R. Prince.

 1810 Census of Barnwell District, SC, p. 89 (337)

 Jonathan Allred

 1 M < 10</td>
 1 F < 10</td>

 1 M 16/26
 2 F 10/16

 1 M >45
 2 F 26/45
 2 slaves

c. 1810—c. 1817—The estate settlement of Mrs. Isabella Burt in Barnwell District, SC with her administrator John Burt shows shares of roughly \$43 to \$44 being paid to each of these heirs: William Burt (via George Powers); John Burt; John Armstrong; Vincent Jones; William Tarbutton; Jonathan Allred; Ann McDaniel; Nathaniel Powell. This is clear evidence of Margaret Allred's identity.

15 Sep 1812—William Stringfellow, a longstanding neighbor, appointed his wife Rebecca and his worthy friend Jonathan Allred his executors. Will Book A:177. This was Jonathan Allred's sister and brother-in-law. The sister moved to be near her brother Solomon Allred, Jr. in Overton Co., TN subsequently.

| 1820 Census of Barn | well District, SC p. 2 |          |
|---------------------|------------------------|----------|
| Jonathan Allred     |                        |          |
| 1 M 18/26           | 2 F 16/26              |          |
| 1 M > 45            | 1 F > 45               | 6 slaves |

7 Jan 1820—Jonathan Allred was one of the appraisers of the estate of Mr. Edmund Brown in Barnwell District.

1 Apr 1822—(Clarke Co., GA Will Book B:1) Jonathan Allred's will was signed in Clarke Co., GA. It was probated in July of that year. He gave his estate to his wife Margaret for life, then to his sons William and John Allred except for four slaves which were to go to his daughters Charlotte Coward, Isabell Stringer,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Did any Skinners accompany Jonathan Allred from Richmond County to Barnwell? Frederick Stringfellow and Henry Touchstone also went to Barnwell from Richmond. A community-level migration seems to have taken place.
<sup>25</sup> Was this John Allred Jonathan's only son of age at the time?

Lavinia Coward, and Elizabeth Alred. Son William and son-in-law Stephen Coward were his administrators.

24 Sep 1835 (Meriwether Co., GA Deed Book E:371) Margaret Allred of Newton Co., GA, to Answorth Hardaway of Newton Co., GA, for \$225, 202 ½ acres in Troup County, now Meriwether, in the 7<sup>th</sup> Dist. (No. 165). w/ William B. Allred.

Based on these records, we can identify the following children. There were also some daughters, apparently, who died young and without issue.

i. *female Allred* (b. bef. 1787) Charlotte Allred (9 Sep 1780—21 Nov 1840, Pike Co., AL) m. Jesse Cowart

ii. *female Allred* (b. 1784/1787) Isabella Allred (b. 1780/1790—d. 1840/50, Pike Co., AL)

m. (1) James Stringer, (2) 6 Sep 1829, Montgomery Co., AL, John Spear (b. c. 1773).

iii. female Allred (b. 1784/1787)

iv. *male Allred* (b. 1787/1790) John Allred? Must be the older son who witnessed Lewis Weathersbee's deed to Jonathan Allred in 1804 (see above). This is certainly the same John Allred "from Barnwell District, South Carolina" who with George Clay was given a pass by the Governor of Georgia 15 Nov 1810 to travel through the Creek Nation. He is likely the individual who ended up in Amite Co., MS and married Isabella Burt there with William Bates his bondsman 16 Nov 1812. The Burts were longstanding associates of the Allreds from their Richmond County days. She was probably his cousin. He and his wife Isabel were buried at the Allred Cemetery in Copiah Co., MS. He was born 10 Oct 1787 and died 2 Jan 1843. His wife Isabella Burt was born in 1791 and died around 1830. They were parents of Louisa Allred, William Burt Allred, James H. Allred, Jennings J. Allred, Rainey Elizabeth Allred, John Sexton Allred, Martha B. Allred, and Sylvester Allred.

v. *female Allred* (b. 1790/1800) Lavinia Allred (22 Aug 1799—11 Nov 1862, Pike Co., AL) m. Stephen Cowart

vi. *female Allred* (b. 1794/1800)

vii. *female Allred* (b. 1794/1800)

viii. male Allred (b. 1800/1802) William Burt Allred (22 May 1801, Richmond Co.,

NC—16 Mar 1878, Troy, Pike Co., AL) m. 23 Feb 1825 (Greene Co., GA), Jane Owen Park (13 Aug 1807—13 Apr 1885, Pike Co., AL). Living in Newton Co., GA in 1830 with his wife

children and mother, Margaret. He was father to Dr. John Park Allred (29 Dec 1826—25 Feb 1895) m. Marie Antoinette Fielder, and Martha Allred, who died aged 11 years. ix. *female Allred* (b. 1800/1804) Elizabeth Allred (c. 1800, GA—aft. 1870, Jefferson Davis Co., MS) m. 16 Nov 1823 (Clarke Co., GA), Timothy Swinney. Lived in Tishmingo and Prentiss counties also.

(9) **Phineas Allred** (b. aft. 1755—d. 1810/1820 Barnwell District, SC) m. Barshaba "Bashaby" (Jowers?).<sup>26</sup> He appears in the following record sequence.

1787 State Census of Richmond Co., NC
Phenias Alred
1 M 21/60
3 M < 21 or over 60</li>
2 females
1790 census of Richmond Co., NC near Solomon and Jonathan.
Phineas Allred
1 M > 16 or < 60</li>
4 M < 16</li>

1 F

3 Jul 1794 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book C:418) Nathaniel Powell to Phineas Allred, for £10, 20 acres on Great Buffalo Creek adj. Burt, Powell dividing line and John Allred's old line. w/ James Smith, Sampson Sellers.

10 Jan 1798 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book C:775) Jonathan Allred to Phoenis Allred, for £50, a tract granted to John Allred for £50, between Buffalo and Mountain Creek adj. the dividing line between John and Jonathan Allred, 50 acres. w/ James T. Sandford, John (X) Ewin, Nathaniel (X) Elkins.

1800 Census of Richmond Co., NC Finias Allred 3 M < 10 3 F < 10 1 M 10/16 1 F 26/45 2 M 16/26 1 M 26/45

25 May 1801 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book G:54) Jonathan and Phineas Allred to Hubbard Williams, Sr., for £45, 150 acres on Buffalo Creek adj. Jonathan Allred near Skinner's corner, and Phineas Allred. w/ John Skinner, James Skinner.

13 Aug 1804 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book I:12) Phineas Allred to Robert J. Steele, for £10, 10 acres on the east side of Big Buffalow adj. Benjamin Chairs. w/ Thomas Ragsdale, Thomas (X) Gately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> See appendix for an argument concerning her identity.

5 Dec 1805—State of North Carolina issued a grant for 60 acres to Phineas Allred which he had entered 19 October 1800. It lay on the northwest side of Big Mountain Creek adjacent his own lines, Sprowl's 25-acre survey. The chainers on the survey in 1802 were Jonathan Allred and Phineas Allred.

24 Dec 1805 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book H:343) Phineas (X) Allred to Robert J. Steele, for \$160, five tracts east of Little River, waters of Big Buffalo Creek, 180 acres (in five tracts or portions of tracts) adj. Sellars, Sprowls, R. J. Steele, John Skinner, Chairs. w/ Nathaniel Chearis, V. T. Chearis.

27 Jun 1809 (Barnwell District, SC) Phineas Allred purchased an old case and box at the estate sale of Richard Treadaway.

1810 Census of Barnwell District, SC, p. 99 (357) adj. William Stringfellow Phinehas Allred 1 M 16/26 1 F < 10 1 M > 45 2 F 10/16 1 F > 45

Strangely, there are no land records in Barnwell District for Phineas Allred. He was not bereft of land in Richmond County. It is thought perhaps the family lived on the land acquired by his son Ezra Allred in Barnwell. However, in Volume VII (1979) of the *South Carolina Magazine of Ancestral Research* appear transcriptions of some of the early records of Rosemary Baptist Church (formed around 1809) near Williston, SC. It would seem that some of Phineas Allred's family members (and perhaps some of Jonathan's) were members of this church.

19 Jul 1817—Resolved that Bro. Powel be appointed to cite Bro John Allred to attend next conference for non attendance. At 20 Sept. conference, Brother Allred's case was taken up again, and Brethren Powell and Easterling were asked to cite him to attend. At 18 Oct 1817 meeting, it was determined that Bro. Allred had issues with another of the brethren and individuals were appointed to find out why he refused to take gospel measures to resolve the matter. Powell and Woodward were appointed to labor with him and give him special direction. At December meeting he was excommunicated for his obstinacy.

15 Jan 1820—Sister Mary Alred made application for a letter of Dismission which was granted

16 Sep 1820—Sisters Barshaba and Sarah Allred made application for Letters of Dismission which were granted.

14 Oct 1820—Sister Elizabeth Alred made application for a letter of Dismission which was granted.

19 May 1821—Sister Armstrong made application for a letter of Dismissal for Sister Margaret Aldred which was granted.

1820 Census of Barnwell District, SC, p. 11 Bashaby Allred 1 M 26/45 3 F 16/26 1 F > 45

1832—Barshaba Allred, widow, got lottery land in Gwinnett Co., GA.

From these records, we can presume the following children by age and gender category and assign tentative identities to several given that the family of brother Jonathan Allred is pretty well defined by his will. The family seems to have removed to Gwinnett County, Georgia, in part, whose records are largely lost for this period of time.

i. *male Allred* (b. 1778/1780) Ezra Allred m. Celia Bolling. On 27 Feb 1809, one "Israel Allred" was granted 404 acres in Barnwell District on a branch of Tinker's Creek, waters of Savannah adj. James Stringer and vacant land. I suspect this is Ezra Allred, actually. He left South Carolina without disposing of the property and it fell to his heirs. Perhaps, his parents lived there in the interim. In November 1809, "Azariah" or Ezra Alred was granted a pass through Creek Territory by the Governor of Georgia along with John Bolling, a relative of his wife's. This couple appears in the 1816 tax list of Amite Co., MS. He died within the next few years. His wife appears as a widowed head of household by 1830. On 12 May 1836, Celia Allred, Mary Allred (m. John Washington Wilson of Catahoula Parish, LA), Ezekiel Allred and Ezra Allred, as heirs of Ezra Allred, sold to Wilson Hightower, for \$150, 300 acres on Tinker Creek. (Barnwell District Deed Book V:427).

ii. *male Allred* (b. 1780/1784) John Allred (b. c. 1780/90—d. aft. 1840, Gwinnett Co., GA) m. Mary (b. c. 1792, SC—aft 1880, Floyd Co., GA). This individual was still in Barnwell after the other John, son of Jonathan, had moved along to Amite Co., MS around 1810. On 29 Jul 1810, he is listed as a purchaser at the estate sale of Mr. Owen Odom in Barnwell District, SC. He purchased kitchen furniture and wooden ware. In 1815, he obtained a grant of 152 acres in Barnwell on Buck Creek of Great Saltcatcher adj. Easterling, John Lard, John Walker with John Allred (himself?) and Henry Easterling as his chain carriers. On 16 Dec 1816, Henry Easterling sold to John Allred for \$90, an additional 180 acres, part of 1,000 acres granted to John Holder adj. Absalom Tyler, John Burt. w/ Abel Peacock, Jonathan (X) Holder (Barnwell Co., SC Deed Book J:275). In 1817, he was cited for non-attendance at Rosemary Baptist Church and was later excommunicated for obstinacy. What happened to him afterward? He was listed in the 1820 census (p. 148) of

Hall County, Georgia, living not far from his presumed brother Aaron. He is 26/45 and he has three sons under 10 (James, Pinkney, William N.), two daughters under 10. His wife is 16/26. After this, he appears in the county just to the south—in Gwinnett County. Unfortunately, this county's records were devastated during the Civil War. The John Allred there in 1830 (p. 309) was 50 to 60. His sons included one aged 15/20 (James Allred, later of Forsyth Co.?), two aged 10 to 15 (Pinkney and William N.) and two under 5 years of age (Mastin and John). His wife is 30 to 40 years old with daughters, one under 5, one 5 to 10 (Harriet) and one 15 to 20 (Charity?). In 1840, he is in the same county, aged 60 to 70 (p. 67) with a wife aged 40 to 50. The sons at home were: one under 5 (Henry); two 5 to 10 (Seaborn and Noah); two aged 15 to 20 (Mastin and ?); one aged 20 to 30 (Pinkney). The daughters listed were one under 5 (Kindness); one 5 to 10; one 15 to 20 (Harriet). Though they have not been found in the intervening year, it is likely this family which appeared in Polk County, with several brothers living side by side in 1860, along with their widowed mother. John was likely the father of: Charity Allred (b. c. 1815, SC) m. John Driscoll; Pinkney Allred (b. 1819; m. Martha) of Gwinnett and later Cobb County (by 1850), who fought in the Creek War; James Allred (b. c. 1820) of Forsyth Co. and then Cobb Co., GA m. Polly Leach in 1838 in Gwinnett Co., GA; Harriet Allred (b. c. 1820), living with her brother W. N. Allred in Calhoun Co., Al, 1860; William Nathaniel Allred<sup>27</sup> (b. c. 1824/1827, GA) m. (1)?, (2) Saphrona Bowling—a mechanic who lived in Benton (Calhoun Co.) AL, Lawrence Co., AL, Marshall Co., AL, Morgan Co., AL; Mastin Allred (b. c. 1825, GA) m. Sarah Driscoll, both inhabitants of Gwinnett in 1850; John J. Allred (b. c. 1827) m. Lucinda, (2) 8 Nov 1865 (Floyd Co., GA) Mary Maroney; Seaborn Allred<sup>28</sup> (b. c. 1830) m. (1) Araminta (2) 23 Apr 1865 (Polk Co., GA), Eliza Roberts-- lived in Cobb Co., GA in 1850 and later in Cleburne Co., AL.; Permelia Alled who married Bluford J. Bailey in Gwinnett Co., GA, 22 Jun 1845--she must have died prior to 1850, for he remarried in that year to Hannah Ann Cannady; Noah Chesley Allred (22 Apr 1833–20 Mar 1869, Polk Co., GA) m. 29 Aug 1858 (Floyd Co., GA) Nancy Ann Youngblood; Kindness B. Allred (b. c. 1834) m. 1 Feb 1848 (Calhoun Co., AL) Aaron P. Bolling, living in 1870 adjacent her brother William

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> His 1880 census entry in Marshall Co., AL (as "Nathaniel Allred") gives his birthplace as GA and both his parents' birthplaces as SC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> His 1880 census entry states that both his parents were born in South Carolina.

Nathaniel Allred in Lawrence Co., AL; Henry Allred (b. c. 1838—1880, Cleveland Co., AR) m. 19 Apr 1860 (Polk Co., AR) Frances Rogers.

iii. male Allred (b. 1780/1784) Aaron Allred (b. 1780/1790-d. aft. 1840, Meriwether Co., GA) m. Rebecca (b. c. 1805—d. c. 1885, Lee Co., AL; bur. Concord Baptist Church Cemetery). He is referenced several times in the court records of Barnwell Dist., SC. On 1 Apr 1817, he sued John Holder successfully there for \$18.43 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> with interest from 1 Dec 1818. On 5 Nov 1817, both he and William Allred, his presumed brother, were sued by Joseph Eastland, who won both cases. Those last two records are adjacent entries in the docket. Finally, also in November of 1817, he and George Sizemore were jointly prosecuted for vagrancy in Barnwell District. Both men were discharged, there being no grounds for their prosecution. Aaron got land in Hall County in the 1832 lottery and also in the 1827 lottery of Gwinnett Co. In the 1820 census (p. 148), he is found in Hall County, GA, aged 26 to 45, with a wife 26 to 45, two sons under 10 (? and William McN.?), a daughter 10 to 16 and a daughter under 10 (Bethany). He is listed next to John Ussery in this year and only a few entries from his likely brother John. In 1830, it is possible he is the Aaron Aldridge who resides in Richmond Co., GA, directly across the river from Barnwell. He is 40 to 50 and his wife is 30 to 40. His sons are 5 to 10 (Hansford) and 10 to 15 (William McNatt Allred). His daughters are under 5, 5 to 10 (Christina) and 10 to 15 (Bethany). He appears in Meriwether County, Georgia in 1840, aged 50/60, as a head of household. He has a wife 40 to 50 years old. His sons are 20 to 30 (1, William McN.), 15 to 20 (2; Hansford and Eli T.), 5 to 10 (1), under 5 (1). His daughters are 15 to 20 (1; Christina?), 10 to 15 (1, Sarah Ann?), and 5 to 9 (1). One son was Hansford Duncan Allred<sup>29</sup> (24 May 1823, GA-22 Feb 1892, Shotwell, Lee Co., AL) m. 29 Sep 1842 (Russell Co., AL), Mariah Clements (1824-1912), a shoemaker of Meriwether Co. His mother Rebecca lived with him in Lee Co., AL later in life. There was also a William McNatt Allred who married Lucinda Kight or Knight in Meriwether Co., GA, 25 Oct 1840. Lucinda appears in the 1850 census of Chambers Co., AL with a daughter and no husband. So perhaps William McNatt Allred died young before 1850 leaving

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> In trawling through the probate files of early Barnwell District through about 1825 for any Allred references, I discovered that Hansford D. Duncan was the Sheriff of Barnwell District in 1819. Clearly, H. D. Allred was named for him.

Lucinda a widow. A third son might be Eli T. Allred (b. c. 1822) m. Nancy Allen (of Chattooga and Floyd Co., GA) given atDNA matching patterns. One of the daughters was definitely **Bethany Allred** who married Charles Raburn, 21 Aug 1838 in Henry Co., GA. Charles Rabun appears in the 1840 census of Meriwether Co. adjacent to Aaron Allred. He and wife are 20 to 30 and they have one son under 5. Another daughter was probably **Sarah Ann Allred** (c. 1829?—1882, Walker Co., AL ; bur. South Lowell Cem.) m. 4 Nov 1846 (Tallapoosa Co., AL) Barton Martin (6 Feb 1794—26 Jun 1882, Walker Co., AL). Finally, there is probably **Christina Allred** (1822-1876) m. 1834 (Habersham Co., GA) William Braxton Scisson.<sup>30</sup>

iv. *male Allred* (b. 1787/1790) William Allred<sup>31</sup> (c. 1788, NC—d. 18 Feb 1869, Lowndes Co., GA) m. (12 Apr 1820, Barnwell Dist., SC) Elizabeth Dixon (14 Jun 1801—7 Feb 1881, Lowndes Co., GA; bur. Weatherington Cemetery). On 5 Nov 1817, both he and Aaron Allred, his presumed brother, were sued by Joseph Eastland, who won both cases. Those last two records are adjacent entries in the Barnwell District minutes. On 9 Sep 1820, he was listed as receiving a payment of \$1 from the estate of Job Weathersbee (Reuben Weathersbee, administrator) in Barnwell District. In 1840, he appears to be living in Upson County, GA but there are no land records for him there (p. 34). That year, he is 50 to 60. His wife is 30 to 40. He has 1 male 5/10 (Roland), 2 males 10/15 (James I., unknown), 1 male 15 to 20 (Allen?). His daughters are listed as: two under 5 (Charlotte, Lucinda), one 5 to 10 (Rebecca), one 15 to 20 (Elizabeth). By 1850, William had removed to Lowndes Co. He then went to Thomas County by 1857. He served in the War of 1812 when resident Barnwell Co., SC and was also married there in 1820 per his pension application (WC-8525). Father of: Allen Allred (b. 1813/1817, SC) m. Sarah Berryhill of Decatur and Lowndes Co., GA;<sup>32</sup> Elizabeth Allred (b. c. 1820/25 d. c. 1859?, Mitchell Co.,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> I feel it also likely, given atDNA matching, that the father of Joseph Clark Allred of Coosa Co., AL, son of a Mary Allred (b. c. 1820) resident there likely belongs to either John or Aaron Allred. Add to that William Benjamin Allred (b. c. 1840, GA) m. Sarah Hooper, later of Marion and Scott Cos., TN, and the father of William Wilson Allred of Tarrant Co., TX. In the case of the last individual, his 1910 census record give his father's birthplace as Georgia. <sup>31</sup> I must thank Wally Dixon for his help in better defining this family. His research was instrumental in clarifying, extending and confirming some of my conclusions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Was he a son by a prior wife or do later census records make him older than he actually was? He is proved to be a son because his children were heirs of Charlotte "Lottie" Allred, his sister.

GA) m. J. Anthony Davis (b. 1812/15; of Lowndes, later Mitchell Co., GA);<sup>33</sup> James Irwin Allred (b. c. 1828 d. Nov 1859, Thomas Co., GA, without issue<sup>34</sup>); Rebecca A. Allred (b. c. 1832); Rolen Washington Allred (b. 11 May 1833, Stewart Co., GA<sup>35</sup> d. 1910/1919, Echols Co., GA) m. Molsey Weatherington; Charlotte J. Allred (b. Jan 1836 d. 3 Jun 1911, Echols Co., GA; never married)<sup>36</sup>; Lucinda A. Allred (23 Apr 1838—17 Jun 1918; bur. Weatherington Cemetery, Lowndes Co., GA); Melvina M. Allred (10 Jun 1843—3 Sep 1916; died without issue; bur. Weatherington Cemetery, Lowndes Co., GA). Because three of the William Allred daughters died unmarried and childless, their heirs were limited to their nieces and nephews. Most of these are descendants of their older siblings Allen Allred and Rolen Washington Allred, but there was another, older sister and she is almost certainly the ancestress of the remaining heirs (see footnote 29). In my opinion, that Allred daughter, Elizabeth, likely married Anthony Davis. It is unlikely that any additional children of William indicated by the earlier census entries survived to adulthood because their children do not appear to be represented in Charlotte Allred's estate settlement.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Eliza's age seems to be somewhat out of kilter in the 1850 census of Lowndes Co., GA. She is listed as 25, but the oldest daughter Catherine was born about 1836. I imagine she was somewhat older. In addition to Catherine, the children appear to have been: John Davis (b. c. 1840, FL); William A. Davis (b. c. 1844, FL); Homer Davis (b. c. 1846—aft. 1910, Cairo, Grady Co., GA) m. Martha J. Harrison; Mary Jane Davis (b. c. 1847, FL) m. 13 Jan 1870 (Mitchell Co., GA) William Adams; Elizabeth S. Davis (b. c. 1848, GA) m. 26 Jan 1871 (Mitchell Co., GA), John A. McCullers (his first wife); Bethany Ann Savannah Davis (b. c. 1849) m. 3 Nov 1873 (Mitchell Co., GA), James Howze; Daniel Davis (Mar 1851—24 May 1931, Echols Co., GA) m. Lydia Catherine Walsingham; Martha W. Davis (b. c. 1853 d. 27 Mar 1932, Augusta, Richmond Co., GA) m. (1) 27 Jan 1872 (Mitchell Co., GA; divorced), Elijah Howze, (2) Butler; Jonas or Jonah Davis (c. 1855—23 Dec 1924, Mitchell Co., GA) m. 25 Dec 1888 (Mitchell Co., GA), Sallie Butler; Henrietta Davis (b. c. 1856; d. young?); Solomon Davis (b. c. 1859) m. 13 May 1873 (Mitchell Co., GA), Victoria Miller.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Died of pneumonia according to the 1860 mortality schedule of Lowndes Co., GA.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> According to his Confederate pension application in Georgia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> She left a will in Echols Co., GA, dated 19 May 1911 in which her two unmarried sisters and her niece Elizabeth McCullers were the principal beneficiaries. But since her sisters died in pretty short order themselves intestate, her heirs are listed in the associated records as follows: Ylanta Broadwell of Pierce, FL (daughter of Rolen Allred); G. C. Allred of Plant City, FL (son of Rolen Allred); Mrs. Jackson Eastes St. Petersburg, FL; Daniel Davis, Chipola, FL (son of Lizzie Davis); Jonah Davis of GA (son of Lizzie Davis); William Allred, Whigam, GA (son of Allen Allred); Andrew J. Allred, Whigam GA (son of Allen Allred); Mrs. Susan Zeigler, Stockton, GA (daughter of J. A. McCullers) ; Mrs. Mary Register, Dupont, GA (daughter of J. A. McCullers); Miss Vanner McCullough, Stockton, GA (daughter of J. A. McCullers); Miss Lou McCullough, Stockton, GA (daughter of J. A. McCullers); Mrs. Anthony McCullogh, Sparks, GA; A. J. Allred (son of Rolen Allred?), Naylor, GA (son of Rolen Allred); Mrs. Sarah Mercer of GA (daughter of Allen Allred); Mary Jane Allred of Naylor, GA (daughter of Allen Allred). This record proves that Allen Allred was indeed an elder son of William Allred.

v. *female Allred* (b. bef. 1787; married or died by 1790)

vi. male Allred (b. 1790/1800)

vii. male Allred (b. 1790/1794)

viii. *male Allred* (b. 1790/1800) James Allred (?), who got Lottery Land in Gwinnett Co. in 1832.

ix. female Allred (b. 1790/1800) Sarah Allred (of the Rosemary Church records)?

x. female Allred (b. 1794/1800) Mary Allred (of the Rosemary Church records)?

xi. female Allred (b. 1794/1800) Elizabeth Allred (of the Rosemary Church records)?

xii. female Allred (b. c. 1800/1805) Margaret Allred (of the Rosemary Church records)?

(10) **Rebecca Allred** (1750/1760—aft. 1 Aug 1847, Overton Co., TN) m. William Stringfellow (d. 1812, Barnwell Dist., SC). She may have died c. 1856, per the records below, but she has not been found in the Overton Co. census of 1850. William Stringfellow's Barnwell District will mentions many of his children. It is not clear how many if any of them were Rebecca's children as well. Allred-anchored atDNA matching for a particular descendant of Phineas Allred does indicate relationships to two particular Stringfellow lines.

The matter of Rebecca's Tennessee will, which does not survive, became a point of controversy among the Allreds at her death. Note the following records related to her estate settlement.

Oct 1856—Overton Co., TN County Court Minutes, p. 299 [image 392 on Family Search film] "Uppon Motion and it appearing to the court that Rebecca Stringfellow a Resident of this County has died in said County leaving a last will & testament and that said will is in the hands of Riley Miller and that William Looper Sen'r of said County are the subscribing witnesses to the said will It is ordered by the court that a writ of Subpena Decristecum [?] Issue commanding the said Miller and Looper to appear before this Court at next Term and bring with them the said last will & Testament and present and file the same before this

court for probate to be further Delt with according to law and that they give testimony on the probate thereof."

Nov 1856 Overton TN County Court, p. 210 [image 398 on FamilySearch]

Rebecca Stringfellow's will This day a Paper writing purporting to be the last will and Testament of Rebecca Stringfellow Dated August 1<sup>st</sup> 1847, signed sealed and by her and attested by Riley Miller and William Looper as subscribing witnesses was produced in open court by said Riley Miller and the Due Execution thereof was Duly proven by the oaths of the said subscribing witnesses and It appearing to the ccurt that the said Rebecca Stringfellow was a Resident of Overton County that she was of sound mind and Disposing memory at the time of the Execution of said will and that she Subsequently died in this county. It is therefore ordered on motion that the said paper writing be admitted to record as the last will and testament of the said Stringfellow and that it be placed upon Record by the Clerk of this court and it appearing to the Clerk of this court that the Clerk of this Court issue to him citation Requiring him to appear before this Court at next term to show cause why the letters of administration heretofore issued to him should not be revoked....

June Term 1858, Overton County TN Circuit Court Minutes (Oct 1856-Jan 1860), p. 204 Bailey Allred

Vs.

S. A. Looper

This Cause Came on to be heard before the Honorable E. L. Gardenhire Judge & Presiding and the parties agree that the Judge decide the case upon the Statement of facts in the record Certified from the County Court of Overton County, and it is therefore ordered and Adjudged by the Court that the proceedings in the County Court revoking the Letters of administration to S. A. Looper be set aside, and for nothing held and that Samuel A. Looper is the Administrator of Rebecca Stringfellow Dec'd and that the Petition of Baily Alred be dismissed in this cause and that he pay the costs of the suit and that Execution issue.

From Overton Co., TN County Court, Jan 1857, p. 331 [Image 408 on FamilySearch film] It is apparent that original letters of administration on Rebecca Stringfield's estate were issued at March Term 1856, the will was found and presented at November Term 1856, and letters of administration for Samuel A. Looper were revoked, then reinstated. He made bond at this term with W. W. Goodpasture his security in the sum of \$1,000. The court then heard a contest as to whether letters to Looper should be revoked and passed over to Bailey Allred.

June 1857 Overton County TN Court Minutes, p. 467 [Image 427 on FamilySearch film] In the case Bailey Allred v. S. A. Looper, it was determined that Looper's bond was in question because he was insolvent and had only one security. On p. 470, we see that Bailey Allred was kin the deceased and that he was the largest creditor and thus claimed administration on that basis.

#### At July Term 1857, p. 443 [Images 429-430]

Joseph J. Tompkins was considered a suitable person to be selected administrator de bonis non with the will annexed of Rebecca Stringfellow.

### FINAL THOUGHTS

In her exceptional work on the extended Allred family, From England to America, Dawnell Griffin seems largely in accord with the above record of the family. Where she chiefly loses her way, in this writer's opinion, is in her failure to discern the family of a second Allred widow (in addition to Margaret Cheney Allred) in early Randolph County. That individual was Betty or Elizabeth Allred, who appears as a head of household in both the 1790 and 1800 censuses and in some other limited records. By not recognizing the presence of this family, she moved to make certain of its members a part of the Solomon Allred, Sr. family instead, like Isaac Allred, Thomas and Solomon Allred of Anderson Co., TN and Blount Co., AL, and Catherine Allred who married Isaac Odell. In doing so, she obscured some of the actual members of the family. If we follow her logic, we would have to think of Solomon, Sr.'s family as extremely fractured and dispersed. In order to make room for Solomon Allred of Anderson County, Mrs. Griffin booted Solomon Allred, Sr.'s actual son Solomon Allred, Jr. into the family of his brother William Allred, even though Solomon, Jr. accompanied with his father to Richmond Co., NC and was associated strongly with him and his brothers from the beginning. That misidentification occurred even though Overton Solomon continued to associate with the elder Solomon's daughter Rebecca (Allred) Stringfellow in Tennessee. The records can actually be interpreted in a much more linear and straightforward manner when we take Betty Allred fully into account. (See my associated paper, "The Mystery of Betty Allred.")

Mrs. Griffin certainly did not have access to in-depth research in Barnwell District and Georgia which would have revealed more about Phineas Allred's descendants there. We have to keep in mind that Phineas never acquired land in Barnwell. His children did, and he seems to have resided with them until the family's move to Georgia where even his widow eventually acquired land of her own, albeit in a location where records have been mostly destroyed. Circumstances and bad luck have obscured Phineas. The lack of probate records and insufficient research in Barnwell for other Allred names there not associated with Jonathan Allred have allowed attribution of stray children to Phineas that he could not possibly have had.

Then, Mrs. Griffin conflates certain members of John Allred, Jr. (wife Lillie Ann)'s family, the eldest son of John Allred (d. 1792), with descendants of Solomon. This is entirely understandable (aside from the geographic incongruities) because that family went through

many financial woes and became extremely difficult to trace. I have also written a paper about his line (See "Which John Was That?").

Finally, Griffin was not very aware of the descendants of James Allred (of Thomas), whose line largely fell through the cracks of everyone's research because he left no probate records and traveled into a burned county. Instead, Mrs. Griffin erroneously equates him with a James Allred who died suddenly and unexpectedly in Blount Co., AL in 1847 (per a letter in an Anderson Co., TN family) when he would have been nearly 100 years old if not older had he been the Progenitor Thomas's son. Instead, the James who died in 1847 was the son of the elder Thomas Allred then in Blount County, who later died and was buried in 1859 in Knox Co., TN.

But I must honor Dawnell Griffin's work. In the spirit of her intrepid Utah ancestors, she proved herself a true genealogical pioneer. She herself admitted in her book that further evidence would inevitably come to the fore with time to either verify or revise what she at first proposed. This process is unavoidable for any trail-blazing researcher. And it is the outcome that any conscientious investigator, after a short period of understandable annoyance and bruised ego, would expect and desire. Trail-blazers tend to lay down the foundations and erect a skeletal framework to build upon. They overturn many of the obscuring myths and false identifications that help their successors see a bit more clearly. It is for those who follow to restructure and improve the initial edifice with time and patient study. It is only through an iterative and dialogic process of research that we ultimately attain a closer reconstruction of the facts. The process is "iterative" in that each researcher treads over the old ground repeatedly looking for new clues, oversights, inconsistencies, and perspectives. It is "dialogic" in that they share and bounce ideas off one another, pushing for improvement. This research is yet another step in that direction, not its endpoint.

### APPENDIX: WHAT atDNA CAN ADD.

I have to thank one collaborator (a descendant of William Allred of Phineas) for access to a near older relation's atDNA results at AncestryDNA. I was delighted to find that this individual had six or seven distinct clusters related to her specific Allred ancestry. Some additional descendants of Phineas Allred were revealed to me through the ancestry of matches within these clusters. Another likely daughter of the elder Solomon Allred came to light. But there were additional links to Pee Dee families from the very area where Solomon, Sr. and his

sons John, Phineas, Jonathan, William, and Solomon, Jr. had lived. Their linkage to the Allred line remained uncertain but they were emphatically present in the genetic clusters.

It might be best to begin by explaining my methodology when approaching atDNA results. In this case, I plumbed the subject's matches for family trees with ancestors named Allred already identified in them. I labeled these matches with explanatory notes specifying the nature of their Allred descent. I then looked at each Allred-descended match and their shared matches with my subject. If there were multiple other Allred descendants in the shared match list, I began to mark clusters using colored dots. I would verify inclusion in each cluster by checking the shared matches of each candidate to make sure they aligned with the list of shared matches typical for the anticipated cluster. I would then add the appropriate colored dot after also making certain that the match was on the paternal side of my subject's family tree—where her Allred descent from Phineas and his son William lay. In the final stage, I examined all the members of each cluster again, analyzing each cluster as a separate exercise unto itself, and attempted to develop the family trees of those not clearly affiliated with Allred looking for patterns of descent that were common to more than one member of that given cluster. Often, a hidden Allred link would appear when a match had an underdeveloped tree or no tree at all. Sometimes links to other families typical of that cluster would show up. But I interpreted each pattern as indicating a shared line of descent with a branch of Solomon Allred's family that only needed a concrete explanation. Of course, at the outset, I had no idea what patterns I would find.

The most exciting connection discovered through this process were three descendants of Abel Sellers (1783-1870; m. Esther Wall) of Coosa Co., AL, previously resident in Georgia and Barnwell District, SC, but born in North Carolina. Shared matches included numerous Allred descendants, not just in the Phineas lineage, but also including Overton Co., TN Allreds tracing back to Phineas's siblings. This situation suggested the connection was through a heretofore unknown sibling of Phineas or a line related to either Solomon or Mary Allred, his parents. It turned out that there was a tradition in the Abel Sellers family that his mother was an Allred, though her precise name and that of his father were given erroneously (John Sellers and Mary Allred). But other documents soon proved who Abel Sellers's parents actually were and also defined his siblings. This process helped alert me to the fact that Rowland Sellers's wife Ellender was probably an Allred, a daughter of Solomon Allred, Sr. (perhaps by wife Mary). This was not

hard to imagine, given that the Allreds in Richmond County were close neighbors of Sampson Sellers and interacted with him directly.<sup>37</sup>

But there were other patterns as well to take into consideration. For instance, there were numerous descendants of the Jowers family and the Helms family through diverse lineages which included Allred shared matches. And drawn into this nexus too were descendants of Tolberts (from Montgomery Co., NC originally) and four different descendants of Moses Baldwin (28 Oct 1778—22 Aug 1815) of Richmond Co., NC by his wife Leah<sup>38</sup>-three through son Irvin C. Baldwin (15 Sep 1814—30 Aug 1864, Blount, AL; went first to Paulding Co., GA) and one through son Osborne Baldwin (b. c. 1801; went to Randolph Co., NC). There were also several descendants of Peter Ussery (c. 1762—c. 1834) who moved to Giles Co., TN.<sup>39</sup> Finally, descendants of Auzy Pankey (1793-1846, Richmond Co., NC) and his brother Mastin D. Pankey (1804-1860), later of Hardeman Co., Tennessee, appear in this mix. Both married daughters of an older Daniel Chisholm. The Allred-related shared matches of these Jowers, Helms, Tolberts, Usserys, Pankeys, and Baldwins do not span the entire Solomon Allred family. The only Allred descendants among the shared matches came through the sons of Phineas Allred.

It would seem highly logical based on this pattern that the connection of this multisurname Pee Dee family nexus to the Allreds is not through Solomon Allred or his wife Mary, who originated elsewhere, but through Barshaba Allred, the wife of Phineas Allred. It has long been stated that Barshaba was born a Horne, but I know of no concrete evidence to that effect.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Another possible clue was a match to a descendant of John E. Bostick (6 Jan 1820, NC—8 Jul 1878) of Hempstead and later Nevada Co., AR which was embedded in a cluster including descendants of Solomon, Jr. and of Phineas. Bostick was born in Montgomery Co., NC according to his biography written up in a history of Nevada Co. He married Susanna Bobo Hudson in 1841 in Madison Co., TN. His father was an older John Bostick (b. c. 1785) of Madison Co., TN, also born in North Carolina. If there is an Allred link, it would be through the elder John's mother or wife, most likely. Since only this one match appeared from the family in question, I did not invest much time in investigating it. But should other Allred descendants show matches to this Bostick or his relations, it would bear further investigation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Moses Baldwin has a legible hand cut tombstone from the period of his death at the Moses Baldwin Cemetery near Covington, Richmond Co., NC. His children are specified in his estate file in Richmond County and also in associated court minutes. They are listed as Hiram, Osborn (these two were of age by 1821), Stephen, Jesse, Betsy, Nathan, Ervin and Sally. Son Jesse may have trailed some of his Jowers kin to Barnwell District, SC by 1820. Robert Powell was the administrator. Jesse Baldwin, the children's paternal uncle, became their guardian. The estate held a note in excess of \$400 on Auzy Pankey and Daniel Chisholm.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Peter Ussery is found early in the border region between Montgomery and Richmond counties. He moved around 1800 to Brown's Creek in Anson County, and even purchased land there belonging to Isaac Armstrong, who supposed married his sister Elizabeth Ussery. Isaac Armstrong was the father of James Armstrong who married Elizabeth Allred (of James). While Peter Ussery was in Anson, he served as one of Thomas Jowers's executors when the latter died in 1805. Around 1810, Peter Ussery sold his lands in Anson County and by 1812, he shows up in Giles Co., TN.

My suspicion is that Barshaba was a member of the Jowers family. A group of Jowers lived very close to the Allreds in the late eighteenth century, and the Jowers-descended matches to our DNA subject trace through diverse lineages, some of which left to go to South Carolina (some even to Barnwell District) or Anson County, NC or Alabama quite early on, so that the Jowers ancestry has to be particularly deep. Also, the Jowers line of descent likely unites some of the other families caught up in these clusters. For instance, it is often stated that Moses Baldwin's wife Leah was a Jowers<sup>40</sup>, and Peter Ussery's wife Amelia or Milly is usually given the surname "Jarvis" which may be a corruption or misremembering of "Jowers." All originally lived in that same small area on the border of Richmond County with Montgomery County, as the following chronology will illustrate.

7 Apr 1749 (Bladen County Land Grants) 400 acres issue to James Jewers or Jowers on a creek called Buffalo about four or five miles above the mouth where it runs into Little River of Great Pee Dee.

26 Sep 1749 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book A:83) James Jewers of Anson Co. to John Ashley, Jr. for £10 proc., 200 acres, part of 400 acres granted Jowers, 7 Apr 1749, on the north side of Great Pee Dee, on a creek named Buffalo. w/ William Phillips, John Gambrill.

16 Oct 1754 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book C-1:15) James Jowers and Charles Robinson, Jr. witnessed a deed from Townsend Robinson to John Woods for land on the west side of Little River of Pee Dee, adj. Henry Downer and Tillman Holmes, which was part of a 246-acre grant to Andrew Moorman, Jr. 21 Aug 1753, and sold to Robinson.

31 Jul 1759 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book 5:255) George Helms to John Parnold for £10, 25 acres east of Little River of Pee Dee. w/ Dennis Nowland, Richard Yarborough, Mary Ann Francis.

20 Oct 1761 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book 7:167) John Stone, Jr. to William Pellam, Jr., for £35, 200 acres on the N side of Pee Dee on a branch of Little River called Buffalo Run, part of 400 acres granted James Jewers in 1749 and conveyed to John Ashley, Jr. then to Thomas Ward, then to John Stone, Jr.. w/ [illeg.], Charles Robinson.

4 May 1762 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book 6:10) William Pelham to John Helms, for £32, tract granted to William Holton for 200 acres on the north side of Great Buffalo Creek of Little River. w/ Charles Robinson, George Helms.

1763 Tax List of Anson—Shows Mary Towers Widow for William and Thomas [her sons?] 2 polls. I believe this is actually a reference to the Jowers family and that the handwriting fooled the scribe when he alphabetized from the original lists. There were no Towers in the early deed records of Anson.

2 Feb 1765 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book 3:296) William Pelham, Jr. to William McDaniel, for £30 proc., 50 acres of land granted to James Jewers on the east side of Little River, Buffalo Creek. w/ Charles Robinson, George Thomas.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> I have not been able to find the original source of this belief. But it could be family tradition. Son Irvin C. Baldwin did leave a family record. It does not mention his parents, however.

6 Oct 1769 (Anson County Regulator Petition; Colonial Records of North Carolina VIII, 78-80) Among the signatories, Thomas Gowers, Jonathan Gowers.

10 Jul 1771 (Anson County NC Court Minutes) Deed from Shadrack Denson to Wm. Jowers proved by Joseph Ingram.

31 Jun 1772 – Jonathan Jowers received a grant for 150 acres on the NE side of the Pee Dee including his own improvements, adj. Thomas Fanning. Surveyed 10 [illeg.] 1772. Henry Polson and Thomas Fanning chainers.

30 Dec 1772 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book K:314) William Coleman to Thomas Gowers, for £25, 200 acres on north side of a small branch on the west side Cheek's Creek of Little River, adj. John Cannon, granted to William Coleman, 22 Nov 1771. w/ Caleb Touchstone, John Engless.

24 May 1773 (N.C. Crown Patent Book 22:278) Thomas Jowers<sup>41</sup> granted 100 acres in Anson on the north side of Buffalo Creek adjoining John Crouch. Land surveyed 1 May 1772 with John Jowers and Thomas Jowers, chainers.

31 May 1774 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book K:288) Thomas Fanning and wife Tabitha to Jonathan Jowers of the same, 50 acres on the NE side of Pee Dee, on the North side of the Silver Run of Mountain Creek, on the Mill Pond side near the mouth of a small branch that opens into the mill pond. w/ Sampson Williams, Thomas Fanning.

11 Oct 1774 Term of Anson County Court—A deed ordered recorded from Thomas Fannin to Jonathan Jowers with Samson Williams witness. *Thomas Fanning's three tracts of granted land lay on Silver Run of Mountain Creek in 1767 and 1774.* 

25 Jul 1774 (Anson County, NC Deed Book K:248) John Helms, planter of Mecklenburg Co., NC to John Bostick for £65, 200 acres on the northeast side of Pee Dee and the NE side of Buffalo Creek of Little River adj. John Stone. Granted 1 Jul 1758 by the King to William Pelam who sold to John Helms. w/ Ezra Bostick, Thomas Jowers. This deed proves that John Helms lived in the vicinity of the Allreds, Bosticks and Jowers in the 1760s and early 1770s and makes the family connection atDNA is suggesting very plausible.

23 Dec 1774 (Anson County, NC Deed Book K:303) Thomas Gowers and wife Sarah to Solomon Gross, for £100, 200 acres adj. the west side of Cheek's Creek of Little River, adj. John Cannon, granted 22 Nov 1771 by the King to William Coleman. w/ Griffin Haggwood, James Almand, Elizabeth Henle.

Jan 1775 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book K:315) Robert Jarman to Thomas Jowers, 153 acres on the NE side of Pee Dee adj. William McDaniel, William Burt and John Ashley. Part of a grant from the King to Robert Jarman, 22 Jan 1773. w/ William Burt, William McDonald. *This might be part of the land surveyed for Robert Jarman on the Caney Branch of Great Buffalo Creek of Little River adj. John Crouch, Luke Robinson on 23 Apr 1772.* 

11 Jan 1775 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book K:369) Robert Jarman to William McDonald, for £15, 153 acres on NE side of Pee Dee adj. John Crouch, Kaney Branch of Buffalo Creek of Little River, Luke Robinson. Part of 400 acres granted Jarman, 22 Jan 1773. w/ William Burt, Thomas Jowers.

13 Jan 1775 (Anson County Court Minutes) Ord. a road to be laid out the nearest way from Cross Creek road near John [illeg.] to cross Mt. Cr. at Bexley John Lambden's ford, from there to widow McKahey's on Drowning Creek. To lay out the same: Jacob Cockran, John Jenkins, Wm. Burns, Thomas Jowers, Wm. Jowers, John [illeg.], James Bostick, John Bostick, Matthew Raiford, Sr., Ezra Bostick, William Coleman, Matthew Raiford, Jr., Jesse Williams, Wm. Chaplain.

14 Jan 1775 (Anson County Court Minutes) Ord. a road laid out from Samuel Parsons to James Allen's. Workers: Luke Robertson, Solomon Gross, Caleb Touchstone, Samuel Bruton, John Swor, Jr., John Broff,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> If there are two Thomas Jowers here, grantee and chainer, perhaps the elder Thomas is the progenitor of this entire family. There were several sons just coming of age around 1790.

Alex'r. Beard, Thos. Gross, John Ussery, Thos. Ussery, James Allen, Soirle McDaniel, John Jennings, Thomas Jennings, Thos. Stanback, Isaac Armstrong, and Benj. Sumner [?].

14 Apr 1775 Anson Co., NC Court Minutes—Jury to lay off the road from Samuel Parsons to Allens now Philip Raifords in room of jury appointed last court—John Batts Baird, Alexander Baird, Thomas Stanback, Caleb Touchstone, John Jennings, Thomas Gowers, John McLeod, Robt. Leveret, John [illeg.], Samuel Bruton, Solomon Gross.

1777 Anson County Petition to divide the county at the Pee Dee River. Signed by: Jonathan Gower, George Gower, William Gowers, Thomas Jowers.

29 Mar 1776 (Anson Co., NC Deed Book K:487) Solomon and Mary Gross to Thos. Gowers, for £100, 100 acres, land on Cheek's Creek adj. John Cannon. w/ Dun. McNabb, Sarah Gross.

15 Jul 1777 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book B:317) Zachariah Smith and Frances his wife to Samuel User, all of Anson Co., for £190, three tracts east of Little River, adj. James Jowers, William McDaniel. w/ Joseph Hines, Thomas Gowers.

1779—John Jowers signed the petition to divide Anson County along the Pee Dee.

28 Apr 1780 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book C:262) Thomas Jowers and wife Rachel to William McDaniel, for £100, 153 acres on NE side of Pee Dee, adj. William McDaniel, William Bennett, John Usley [Ussery?]. Part of a tract granted to Robert Jarman 22 Jan 1773. w/ Robert Broadway, Daniel McDuffee, John Jenkins.

Dec 1780—(Richmond Co., NC Court Minutes) Ordered that John Gowers be appointed overseer of the road, from Mountain Creek to Little River, and the hands contiguous work thereon.

1782 Tax List of Montgomery Co., NC Thomas Gower, invalid, 400 acres John Gowers, 250 acres

Sep 1782—(Richmond Co., NC Court Minutes) Thomas Jowers and Wm. Jowers along with Ezra Bostick were among those accused of treason. All were acquitted and took the oath.

Sep 1783 (Richmond Co., NC Court Minutes) John Jowers vs. William Hunter, Jr. and Thomas Adams

Jun 1784 (Richmond Co., NC Court Minutes) Ordered that the following persons be a jury to lay off a road from Helen Ford on Pee Dee: Benjn. Dumas, James Meredith, Joseph Gadd, Wm. Mask, Owen Slaughter, Wm. Newbery, Jonathan Newbery, Wm. McGuire, Thomas Blewett, Charles Robertson, Thomas Jowers, James Bostick, Wm. Jowers, Wm. Hendley, Daniel McDaniel, Benjamin Powel.

Apr 1786 (Richmond Co., NC Court Minutes) Ordered that the following persons be appointed to lay off a road from Leak's Ferry the nearest and best way into the Cross Creek Road, leading by Edward Ingram's, viz. James Bostick, Ezra Bostick, Richd. Powel, Benjn. Powel, Silvester Chun, Wm. McDaniel, Daniel McDaniel, Samuel Usher, Peter Ussery, George Jowers, Thos. Jowers, John Crouch, James Smith, Esq., Thos. Phillips, Charles Robertson, John Chambers.

Apr 1786 (Richmond Co., NC Court Minutes) Ordered that a road be laid out the nearest and best way from Hillins Ford on Pee Dee to Wm. McGuire's and that the following persons be a jury to lay off and make report to the next court (vizt.) James Patterson, John Howard, Joseph Gadd, Wm. Jowers, John Crouch, Joseph Tarbutton, Peter Ussery, Wm. Hendley, Charles Robertson, James Bostwick, Thomas Jowers, Daniel McDaniel, Samuel Usher, Benjn. Powell, Daniel McDaniel, Samuel Usher, Benjn. Powell, Ezra Bostick, Thos. Phillips, John Pankey, Owen Slaughter, & c.

1787 State Census of North Carolina, Richmond County, p. 6 Thomas Jowers [nearby are the Bosticks, Peter Ussery, and Phineas Allred]

2 M 21-60 3 M < 21 or > 60 1 F

31 Aug 1787 (Montgomery Co., NC assorted surviving deeds; FHL Film# 007560109, Image 5-6) Thomas Gower and wife Sarah of Montgomery Co. to Randle Blake, for £100, 100 acres part of 200 on Big Creek of Little River, the plantation where Matthew Gower now lives. w/ Jo Parsons, James Cannon.

1788—Peter Ussery signed petition to detach a part of Montgomery County to Richmond County.

Oct 1789—Richmond Co., NC Court—Ordered that Thomas Usher be appointed overseer the road from Raiford's Ford on Little River to Isaac Armstrongs and that Benjamin Powell, Wm. Hendley, John McRay, Donald McDonald, Joseph Tarbutton, George Jowers, Wm. Jowers, Edwd. Williby, John Wilkerson, John Freeman, Nathaniel Chairs work thereon/Richd. Ussery, Nathl. Elkins, Burt & Nath'l. Powell

1790 Census of Richmond Co., NC-p. 167 Thomas Jowers<sup>42</sup> [These two households adjacent; Isabell Burt, mother-in-law of Jonathan Allred is nearby.] 1 M > 16 1 F 4 M < 16 John Jowers 1 M > 16 3 F 4 M < 16 p. 165 George Jowers43 I M > 16 p. 181 William Jowers 1 M > 16

Jan 1790—Richmond County Court Minutes—Ordered that the following persons be appointed to lay off a road from Matthew Raiford Ford on Little River the nearest and best way to the widow Kachea Bridge to wit, Joseph Tarbutton, John Crouch, Daniel McDaniel, Wm. McDaniel, Richd. Ussery, James Bostick, Thos. Jowers, James McKachea, John McKachea, Sampson Sellars, Solomon Allred, Jonathan Allred, John Ewen, Joseph Hines, Nathl. Chairs Esqr., Robert Stringfellow, Henry Stringfellow & John Jenkins and that they make report to next court &c.

13 Jan 1797—John Jowers receives warrant to survey 100 acres on the drains of Hamer's Creek adj. John Chambers, John Ussery. The tract was surveyed 24 Mar 1798 with Martin Hill and John Ussery chainers.

Jul 1790—Ordered that Thomas Usher be appointed overseer of the road from Raiford's Ford on Little River to Isaac Armstrongs and that all the hands from the mouth of Big Buffalo to Thomas Jowers from there up Spurlings Road to Nathaniel Elkins from there to Nathaniel Powells and from thence to Nathaniel Chairs all the hands within the said boundaries work on said road.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Thomas Jowers soon died in Anson County in 1805, leaving a will. He mentions his wife, but does not name her. He gives the names of his grown sons James and Joseph first. His remaining sons John and George are still both under age. There also a daughter named Sally. The will was witnessed by William and George Jowers. The executors were "friends" George Jowers and Peter Ussery, who had moved to this same area of Anson County around Brown's Creek. It is very interesting that Peter Ussery is made executor. If George Jowers was Thomas's brother, it seems very possible Peter Ussery could be his brother-in-law.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> George Jowers married on 14 Jan 1792 (Richmond Co., NC bond) to Polly Phillips with John Crouch and Thomas
 (X) Jowers, bondsmen. He seems to have died in Autauga Co., AL by 1827 when John Ezell and Elizabeth Jowers took up administration on his estate with John Jowers and Thomas Williams, bondsmen.

18 Dec 1798 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book C:901) William Jowers of Richmond Co., NC to Edlynn Willoughby, for £140, 150 acres on the lower side of Great Buffalo East of Little River adj. a round Hill at William Pelham's corner, Patrick Saunders line. A tract granted to Shadrack Denson by the King 9 Apr 1770. w/ John Crouch, Eli Terry.

 1800 Census of Montgomery Co., NC, p. 495 [adjacent entries]<sup>44</sup>

 John Jowers

 1 M < 10</td>
 2 F < 10</td>

 1 M 26/45
 1 F 26/45

 James Jowers
 1 K < 10</td>

 1 M 26/45
 1 F < 10</td>

 1 F 26/45
 1 F 26/45

29 Jan 1801—(Richmond Co., NC Deed Book E:314) Thomas Jowers of Richmond Co., NC to John Bowdon of Randolph Co., NC, for \$110, a tract on the North side of Buffalo Creek at John Crouch's corner, granted to Thomas Jowers 1 May 1772, containing 100 acres. w/ John Ewing, Philip Brooks.

20 Jul 1801 (Richmond Co., NC Deed Book E:316) Thomas Jowers of Richmond Co., NC to John Bowdon of Randolph Co., NC, for \$800, land on both sides of Buffalo Creek, being the upper part of a grant to James Jowers by patent 7 [month omitted] 1749, 200 acres, adj. Usher, Bostick. w/ Elijah Sprowls, Perry Sprowls.

8 Oct 1803—John Jowers entered 200 acres in Montgomery County on Flat Lick Branch of Hamer's Creek adj. John Ussery and the county line. Surveyed 25 Apr 1804 with Nathan Smith and John Jowers, chainers.

I was astonished when assembling this group of records. When I found a Helms nexus of shared matches in association with some Phineas Allred descendants, it made little sense. I had always associated the Helms with modern Union Co., NC and neighboring parts of western Anson Co. Furthermore, I had never heard of the name Jowers in the Pee Dee region because most of them moved away fairly early. But the DNA says what it says.

Eighteenth-century research, however, has since justified the genetic evidence, showing that the earliest Helms and Jowers did indeed live in the northwestern part of Richmond County and neighboring parts of Montgomery in the 1750s and 1760s, and that they were actually neighbors to one another and in the same region as the later-arriving Allreds. This circumstance convinced me that a line of descent from the Helms and Jowers to the Phineas Allred family was possible, and in fact, highly plausible. It is also potentially significant that some of the Jowers also later moved to Barnwell District, SC about the same time Phineas Allred did.

I cannot say in the end which of these early Jowers was likely Barshaba's father, but I do believe she was a scion of this family based on the atDNA alone. One could easily imagine that

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> If this is the same John Jowers as was present in 1790 in Richmond County, it would seem likely at that time he was heading a household full of his own siblings and began his family subsequently. This could be the John Jowers who moved to Barnwell Co., SC by 1810 with wife Elizabeth and died there in 1815.

the first James Jowers, who seems to have died in the early 1760s, was the progenitor of all the early Jowers in the Pee Dee. It is possible he had a son (could it have been Thomas, Sr.?) who married a Helms and was the father of Barshaba Jowers who later married Phineas Allred. Some of the other early Jowers in the Pee Dee (George, William, Thomas, Jr., Leah m. Moses Baldwin, a daughter who m. a Tolbert? a daughter who married a Pankey?), were likely her siblings. Or it could be that James Jowers himself married a Helms and all of these matches descend from his children and grandchildren. I will note that George tends to be a Helms name, and may have passed into the Jowers family through an early marriage.

This example should teach us something about the power of autosomal DNA. It can lead us to places the records alone never could because it provides, when considered across the full range of descendants (each of whom has different and relevant DNA from various aspects of eighteenth-century lines of descent), a more complete record than we can expect from documents alone. Not all of us have substantial eighteenth-century Allred-related genetic evidence in our bodies. But each of us does have substantial genetic evidence from some subset of eighteenth-century ancestors. Of course, the documents are also vital to interpreting genetic evidence, even when they don't provide slam dunk confirmation, because they provide context and possible explanations for the DNA, at least enabling us to place our ancestors geographically and conceptually in relation to the ancestors of our genetic cousins. The atDNA results of other descendants with time will likely throw additional light on this matter and identify yet further descendants of Solomon Allred, Sr.